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Saudi-based relief agency sends \$12 million to Kosovo

JEDDAH (AFP) — The International Islamic Relief Agency (IIRA) on Saturday said it had sent some \$12 million worth of aid to the Kosovo refugees, the official Saudi news agency SPA reported. About \$4 million comes in the form of eash, with the rest made up of food, medicines, tents and clothes, SPA said. Saudi Arabia has already sent two planes with a total of 120 tonnes of aid for the refugees including tents, blankets and food. King Fahd on Saturday said he would send 2,000 tonnes of dates to the refugees.

Volume 24 Number 7121

AMMAN SUNDAY, APRIL 18, 1999, MUHARRAM 2, 1420

Price: Jordan 200 Fils

And the bolling was King, Qadhafi hold talks on Jordanian-Libyan relations

Arafat receives support from King, Libyan leader on statehood

AMMAN (J.T.) -- His Majesty King Abdullah began a two-day visit to Libya on Saturday for talks with Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi.

King Abdullah, accompanied by a delegation including Prime Minister Abdur-Ra'uf S. Rawabdeh and Royal Court Chief Abdul Karim Kabariti, congratulated Qadhafi on the lifting of the U.N. sanctions imposed on his country following the 1988 Lockerbie bombing. The sanctions were lifted after two Libyan suspects allegedly involved in the affair were handed over for trial earlier this month.

King Abdullah was quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, as expressing hope that the lifting of the sanctions would open a new era that will witness a strengthened Arab national economy and fulfilment of the aspirations of the Libyan people for a more prosperous future.

The King also voiced hope that the end of the sanctions would be followed by similar

moves to end the embargoes on Iraq and Sudan.

Petra said the two leaders reviewed Jordanian-Libyan relations with a particular focus on economic coopera-

King Abdullah said Jordan is ready to offer its expertise to Libya to help strengthen the country's national econo-

King Abdullah briefed Oadhafi on his tour of the Gulf states and Egypt, which aimed at restoring Arab soli-

Petra reported that the two leaders underlined the need to end differences among Arab countries and to enhance collective Arab efforts to deal with the common challenges facing the Nation.

Earlier, King Abdullah and Qadhafi met with Palestinian President Yasser Arafat in Sirte for talks on the peace process and the latest developments in the Middle East. Arafat briefed the two lead-

ers on the outcome of his recent international tour to present the Palestinians' views and seek advice on the proposed declaration of an independent state in May. King Abdullah and Presi-

dent Oadhafi reaffirmed their countries' support for the Palestinian people in their struggle to regain their legitimate rights and establish an independent state in Palestine, even if the date for its declaration is postponed. King Abdullah said the

peace accords, including the Wye River and Hebron agreements, should be respected. The King also stressed the need to begin final status negotiations after the Israeli elections.

Present at the meetings was the delegation accompanying King Abdullah, which in addition to Rawabdeh and Kabariti includes HRH Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, the King's advisor on tribal affairs, General Intelligence Department Director Samih Battikhi and Jordanian Ambassador to Libya Ahmad

Saturday,

Abdullah visited a monument in Sirte commemorating the Libvan soldiers who fell in the Battle of Ourdabieh in

The King, who was accompanied by Crown Prince Hamzah, inspected documents and portraits linked to the battle and laid wreaths at the memorial site.

King Abdullah and Prince Hamzah later visited the man-made river in Libya and were briefed on related projects. The river provides 6.3 million cubic metres of fresh

water every day for irrigation. The other members of the delegation accompanied the King and Crown Prince on the tour.

Before the King's departure from Jordan, HRH Prince Mohammad was sworn in as Regent, HRH Crown Prince Hamzah left prior to King Abdullah's departure for Tripoli.

A Royal Decree was issued appointing Deputy Prime Minister Marwan Hmoud as



DRUZE DEMONSTRATE ON GOLAN: Druze demonstrators throw stones on Saturday at Israeli soldiers on the outskirts of Majdel Shams, the main village on the strategic Golan Heights, which Israel occupied in 1967, and the closest to the Israeli-Syrian ceasefire line. Four Druze were wounded in clashes with Israeli troops follow-ing a Syrian independence day rally (AFP photo)

Israel warns Lebanon against using civilians to liberate Arnoun

Arab League demands end to village's occupation

them.

A SENIOR Israeli official warned Lebanon against using civilians to fight the Jewish state's occupation of Amoun, saying Beirut would be responsible for any harm that came to

"We are warning the [Lebanese] state against the use of civilians as human shields or to carry out acts of sabotage against Amoun and the security zone" Israel maintains in south Lebanon, Uri Lubrani said.

The use of civilians in that way would "provoke a situation for which only the Lebanese government, guarantor of [civilian's] security, be responsible. would Lubrani, the coordinator of Israeli activities in Lebanon.

He was speaking on Friday on the radio station of the South Lebanon Army (SLA), Israel's allied militia in Lebanon.

Minister Moshe Arens on Saturday defended Israel's occupation of Amoun saying it was an essential part of operations against the Shiite Muslim Hizbollah.

"The Israeli army's operation was a necessary part of the fight against Hizbollah," Arens told public television.

The Israeli defence minister said he still intended to continue his policy of reducing Israeli troop numbers in Lebanon to the minimum necessary to maintain control of the "security zone."

The number of soldiers in Lebanon was recently reduced and I intend to continue along that path," he said.

Israeli soldiers and SLA militiamen occupied the village of Amoun, which lies just north of the self-declared "security zone" on Thursday night, a move the Israeli military

One Israeli soldier was killed and several wounded Monday in a bomb attack claimed by Hizbollah near Beaufort Castle - an 11th century fort overlooking Amoun and which is Israel's largest military post in

Meanwhile, the Arab League called on Saturday for Arab and U.N. diplomatic efforts to force Israel to end its occupation of Amoun and other Arab territo-

"It is time to adopt a firm Arab position against repeated Israeli attacks against Lebanon and other occupied Arab territory," said the Arab League assistant secretary general, Ahmad Ben Helli.

He urged Arab countries to launch "an effective political and diplomatic campaign to support the Lebanese government in its struggle to extend its sovereignty over the entire

Israel bars **Palestinian** VIP from Jerusalem

BALATA (AP) - Palestinian Cabinet minister Ziyad Abu Ziyad was detained by Israeli police and escorted out of Jerusalem after being told that he was no longer allowed to enter the city legally, he said.

Abu Ziyad, a minister for Jerusalem affairs, was pulled over by border police as he drove through Arab east Jerusalem in his black Mercedes with Palestinian National Authority (PNA) licence

Prime Minister Benyamin Netanyahu's hard-line government has cracked down on any signs of PNA presence in Arab east Jerusalem, arguing that it infringes on Israeli sovereignty in the city. As the May 17 elections approach the government is making a concerted effort to take a tough stand on the city.

Abu Ziyad said the Israelis were trying to make an example out of him by stopping him. After hosting Europeans at the PLO's Jerusalem headquarters last month, Israel revoked his VIP credentials that allowed him to legally enter Jerusalem as a West Bank resident.

"They are looking for a show, no more than that," Abu Ziyad said as he waited to be released from police custody. Jerusalem police spokesman

Shmuel Ben-Ruby said Abu Ziyad left the city limits with a police escort. The Palestinians want Arab

east Jerusalem as the capital of Meanwhile, shooting automatic rifles into the air and donning black hoods, some

1,000 Palestinians rallied in memory of a slain PLO military chief on Saturday. At the Balata refugee camp outside of the West Bank town of Nablus, the demonstrators

carried photos of Abu Jihad, and pledged to continue his struggle for Palestinian independence. They also demanded the

release of Palestinian prisoners held in Israeli iails. The rally, which was organ-

ised by Palestinian President Yasser Arafat's Fateh faction was dotted with banners that read "No peace until our prisoners are out of jail" and "No peace without a Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its cap-

Abu Jihad, whose real name was Khalil Wazir, was shot to death in his villa on the outskirts of Tunis on April 16, 1988.

Israeli leaders believed he helped orchestrate the Palestinian uprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip that had erupted several months earlier.

NATO relief operation under way as refugees continue to flee Kosovo exhausted ethnic Albanians "People want justice to be

A NATO relief operation in Albania got under way on Satthousands of refugees from Kosovo as the alliance launched a verbal offensive against alleged Serb atrocities in the province.

As NATO launched Operation Allied Harbour, aid workers warned they were being overwhelmed by a new exodus of Kosovo refugees.

Torrential rain, wind and thunderstorms worsened the already miserable conditions for latest arrivals. With tents full, families were huddled under plastic sheets. Allied troops camped at

Tirana airport have been loading military helicopters with supplies from some 60 aid flights a day to be ferried to the border. Their task is also to move

refugees to new camps, distribute aid, protect supply lines and support humanitari-

Albanian Foreign Minister Pascal Milo accused Yugoslav President Slobodan Milosevic of ethnic cleansing in Kosovo, driving 100,000 more terrified ethnic Albanians towards his

have passed through Albania's main border crossing with Yugoslavia in the last 48 days. Refugees have told aid workers 50,000 or more may be following on behind.

In Brussels, NATO published an aerial photograph of what it said could be a mass grave containing 150 bodies in western Kosovo, citing it as evidence that Serb forces were summarily executing civil-

Albania is already hosting 335,000 Kosovars, according to figures from the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), and aid workers at the Morina border post said they were overwhelmed by refugees crossing into northern Albania at a rate of 1,000

We are appealing for help. We do not know where to put the people who are arriving." said UNHCR spokesman Jacques Franquin.

In Belgrade, the Yugoslav government said after a meeting with President Milosevic that national industrial production remained satisfactory despite the bombing.

But Belgrade remained silent on the detention of a

The lieutenant was captured by the militant separatist

Kosovo Liberation Army Americans. The man was being held at a

secret location in Albania, the International Red Cross said. Three U.S. soldiers were seized by Yugoslav forces last month in the area of the Kosovo-Macedonia border.

In Brussels, in an attempt to regain the initiative in the propaganda war with Belgrade after Wednesday's bombing of a refugee convoy, NATO highlighted previously published reports from refugees which suggest that as many as 3,200 ethnic Albanians had been executed by Serb forces over the past three weeks.

Spokesman Jamie Shea said the alliance had proof that 18 villages in Kosovo had been completely burned out and 200 residential areas had been severely damaged by Serb forces.

He admitted, however, NATO had no independent way of verifying the refugees'

Shea said he had no further information to release about NATO's bombing of a refugee convoy on Wednesday. "The

done and they know NATO is there to get justice done," Shea said, adding mistakes woul not prompt NATO citizens to call for a halt to the campaign. "Just to call this off and do

nothing would be to give a kind of carte blanche not just to Milosevic but to every other dictator around the world to brutally repress his popula-

NATO admitted that recent days had seen Serb forces step up their operations, both against rebels of the KLA and civilians. But NATO said it destroyed seven Yugoslav tanks, plus troop carriers and field forces in Kosovo on Friday in its latest operations against the forces of Milose-

NATO's top commander General Wesley Clark voiced concern in Tirana Saturday over Serb attacks on northern Albania and pledged the alliance's support to prevent the violence from worsening.

"We are going to do everything we can to stabilise the situation in Albania. We're very concerned about the situation in the north," he said.

described as a preventive investigation continues," he (Continued on page 2) Lebanese territory." Yugoslav officer by the U.S. Meanwhile, Israeli Defence security operation." Indian government toppled by single vote, Congress set to take power



Congress Party President Sonia Gandhi, left, is garlanded by supporters to celebrate the dismissal of India's ruling coalition government on Saturday. Prime Minister Atal Behari Vajpayee's ruling coalition was removed from power by a vote of 270-269 (AP photo)

NEW DELHI (AFP) — India's Hindu nationalistled government collapsed Saturday after losing a confidence motion by a single vote, sparking fears of another shaky administration or fresh elections.

parliamentary The motion of confidence in Prime Minister Atal Behari Vajpayee's 13-month-old coalition was defeated by 270 votes to 269, and triggered an immediate sevenper cent plunge in share prices.

The result signalled a probable return to power of the main opposition Congress Party, led by Italianborn Sonia Gandhi, but could also force an unwant-

ed general election. After the vote, Vajpayee submitted his resignation

President Narayanan.

"The president accepted it and asked me to continue until an alternative government is formed," he said. "The future will say how stable the next government will be."

Asked for his personal reaction, Vajpayee replied: "I feel free."

Following an emergency meeting of the Congress' top decision-making body. senior party leader Arjun Singh said "the initiative is now in the hands of the president." If Narayanan invites

Gandhi to form an alternative government, "she will say I can," he added. Arjun also said that

Gandhi had shown "no displeasure or hesitation or protest" at the prospect of succeeding her husband and mother-in-law --- both assassinated — as prime minister.

Gandhi's main problem will be to persuade the president that she has the numerical support to rule the country effectively. Failure to do so could result in a general election, India's third in two years.

Congress has only 140 seats in the 545-member parliament and will have to rely on the backing of more than a dozen smaller opposition groups, many of whom are traditional rivals.

However, Congress parliamentary chief Sharad Pawar said the party was confident that "all secular forces will come together to form the government."

Sonia Gandhi is a member of India's Nehru-Gandhi political dynasty, and by becoming premier would follow in the steps of her husband Rajiv, mother-inlaw Indira Gandhi and mother-in-law's

Jawaharlal Nehru,

Home Minister L.K. Advani said the outgoing coalition was proud of its "As we lay down office,

we do so with a sense of satisfaction that the govemment of Prime Minister Vajpayee has discharged its duty." Advani said.

In a final appeal to the house before the confidence vote, Vajpayee had defended his government's record.

"The situation has improved be it security, or policy. Our claim is that in every sphere, we have been successful," Vajpayee said. Jubilant Congress supporters set off firecrackers

at party headquarters and

near Gandhi's high-securi-

the economy or foreign

ty residence at news of the government's defeat. It was not immediately clear what form an alternative government would take. with Congress officials undecided whether to head a coalition or rule

port of other parties. Many Congress leaders fear another coalition would be prey to the same instability that plagued Vajpayee's troubled adminis-

alone with the outside sup-

(Continued on page 2)

Man ins beer le

U.S. hesitant about new U.N. policy toward lraq

The United States dismissed on Friday Russia's proposals to lift sanctions against Iraq but also said it had problems with a more amenable British-Dutch resolution on future U.N. policy toward Baghdad.

Security Council members, seeking to heal rifts over its policy toward Iraq. began to line up behind the rival resolutions, with China and France supporting Russia's proposals to lift U.N. sanctions on Iraqi civilian goods and asking Secretary General Kofi Annan to form a new U.N. arms control

Members, attending a closed-door council session, remained divided. But, with the exception of the United States, they all agreed that UNSCOM, the U.N. Special Commission in charge of dismantling Iraq's weapons of mass destruction, needed to be abolished or changed

substantially. The United States said it had some problems with the Anglo-Dutch draft, which would replace UNSCOM with a new body with similar powers. But U.S. delegate Peter Burleigh rejected out of hand the Russia's resolution, saying it was "not a serious proposal and we are

not going to treat it as such." Burleigh said he saw little need to change the name of UNSCOM as Britain proposed and objected to provisions in its draft that would lower temporarily Iraq's contributions to a fund for victims of Baghdad's 1990

invasion of Kuwait.

The Anglo-Dutch draft also says there should be no ceiling on the amount of oil Iraq can export under U.N. supervision, a proposal the United States had endorsed earlier. But Baghdad currently is not able to meet the U.N. ceiling of S5.256 billion every six months because of low oil prices and its dilapidated oil indus-

"We think that the draft is a good basis to work on but we do have some problems with it." Burleigh told

The two resolutions are the first attempt to put con-crete plans before a divided Security Council on how to cope with its Iraqi policy following bombings that began in mid-December.

Weapons inspectors have been out of Iraq since Dec. 15, the day before U.S.-British air strikes began because of Baghdad's refusal to cooperate with them. Iraq has said they cannot return as long as stringent sanctions, imposed after its 1990 invasion of Kuwait, are in place.

The British draft would change the name of UNSCOM to UNCUM, or the U.N. Commission on Investigation. Inspection and Monitoring. If Iraq did not cooperate, it says UNCI-IM should organise border monitors to check for weapons materials.

The new arms commission it proposed would be under a new executive director, succeeding Australian Richard Butler, who has incurred the wrath of such council members as Russia, China and France. Butler has said he is leaving his post at the end of June two years as UNSCOM's executive

With the five veto-bearing permanent council members the United States. Britain, France, China and Russia — deadlocked, Britain hopes for support among the other 10 non-permanent members in addition

to the Netherlands. But Brazil's Ambassador Celso Amorim said the British-Dutch resolution needed more of an inducement for Iraq to cooperate --- such as allowing foreign

Iraqi export industries such as oil. Diplomats said Canada agreed.

Russia's Ambassador Sergei Lavrov insisted his resolution, which China cosponsored, was the only feasible one that could bring the United Nations arms inspectors back to Iraq.

He said that as soon as a new arms control body was set up most economic sanctions should be lifted. When Iraq had accounted for prisoners and looted property from its 1990 occupation of Kuwait, its assets abroad should be unfrozen.

And he said the U.N. embargo on conventional arms — tanks, anti-aircraft missiles — could be lifted once it was clear lraq no longer had any weapons of mass destruction.

French Ambassador Alain

Dejammet said he agreed with most of the Russian proposals, adding that the Security Council after the 1991 Gulf War envisioned "maintaining a very strict arms control but not to maintain eternally the population of Iraq under civil



A young Turkish woman waves a Democratic Left Party (DSP) flag, with its white dove symbol, during Prime Minister Bulent Ecevits' address to supporters at his last election campaign rally in Istanbul's Kadidkoy district, Saturday, before today's nationwide elections. Analysts predict that Ecevit and his Democratic Left Party may well garner the most votes in the general election, but end up with fewer seats in parliament than the pro-religious Virtue Party, tipped to come in second at the polls (AFP

Indian government toppled

(Continued from page 1)

Political analysi G.V.L. Narasimha Rao described the result as a shocking defeat, but added there could be a silver lining for Varpayce's Hindunationalist BJP parts, which had dominated the civilizion.

"Going by the public mood which wanted the government to continue, there could be a sympathy wave in favour of the BJP. Rao said.

"It looks like elections are mevitable, probably want time in November," he added. Saturday's vote resolved a political crisis sparked when a government purtner with 18 MPs decided to walk out. leaving the roling evalition more than a dozen seats short of a majority.

The 30-share BSE sensitive index plunged 245.93 points or 6.9 per cent to close at 3,326,98 points on news of the government's collapse.

Industrialists and financiers expressed concern that the government s fall would delay the passage of Finance Minister Yashwant Sinha's deficatcutting budget for the year beginning April 1.

"I do not think a government with a majority of one vote can really do anything for the economy, said Raikumar Pitamber, director at the industrial group Mahindra and

Turkish Islamist party faces election showdown

KAYSERI (R) — Turkey's Islam-based Virtue Party made a final bid to rally support on Saturday, on the eve of elections which are expected to bring a showdown with its secularist rivals.

A passionate crowd of several thousand cheered Virtue leader Recai Kutan as he arrived for a rally in the central Anatolian town of Kayseri, a traditional stronghold of conservative and religious votes.

(Continued from page 1)

Yugoslav forces have used

artillery fire on villages in

northern Albania where

fighters from the KLA have

taken refuge over the past

There have also been

Earlier, in the Macedonian

capital Skopje, Clark said

that unless President Milose-

vic changed his policy on

Kosovo, NATO forces

would destroy everything he

reports of incursions by Serb

forces.

Supporters waved red-and-

Islamist leader spoke.

stop us from coming to power after people's votes make us the biggest party." Kutan said to rapturous applause in the town square.

the front-numers in the general and local polls alongside the leftist Democratic Left Party of Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit.

"Let us see who will dare to

Virtue is regarded as one of

elections will produce a splin-

"Prime Minister Kutan" as the one which emerged from 1995 polls, making a multi-party coalition likely.

The secularist establishment, which edged an Islamist-led coalition out of power in 1997. is widely seen as reluctant to see a return to power of what it sees as the representative of political Islam in secular but overwhelmingly Muslim

Virtue is effectively a succes-Political analysts forecast the sor to the Islamist Welfare Party, which was outlawed last tered parliament similar to the year for trying to subvert the in Turkey, could they strike our hundred not police. Observers

secular constitution in a oneyear coalition with conserva-

It has toned down much of its predecessor's rhetoric but is still frowned upon by the powerful military. Among the religious-based

reforms sought by Virtue is an end to a ban on female students wearing Islamist-style head scarves in university. Kutan took up the ban as a human rights issue.

"If there were human rights

chaste girls with truncheons in universities?" he asked as a group of head Carved women. wrapped in customary full-

Last year, a previous government tightened up the law banning head scarves from universities and government offices, triggering clashes between police and Islamist

length long coats, looked on.

The women were segregated at the front of the crowd, monitored by a group of several

said it was the most crowded and lively of Virtue's rallies.

"If there were human rights, could they have jailed Tayyip Erdogan." Kutan continued. in a reference to the former Istanbul mayor imprisoned for reciting a poem seen as inciting hatred along religious

"Break the hands which lay a finger on Tayyip," the crowd chanted in response. A colour portrait of Erdogan, painted on a huge cloth, hung down over

dence of foreign help for the

KLA in a burnt out "terrorist

training camp" near the vil-

lage of Gomje Obrilje in

In Dresden, EU finance

ministers holding a two-day

meeting counted the cost of

the war in Kosovo and an

eventual peace settlement.

New German Finance Min-

ister Hans Eichel said now

was not the time for penny

Kosovo.

pinching.

Rosarv

Princess

NATO relief operation under way as refugees continue to flee Kosovo

recited. In the Gulf nation of Oman, Islamic lec-tures were held in

year. In Egypt, Cairenes fleeing their dusty city swayed and danced to Arabic music aboard crowded boats sailing along the Nile River to

Muslims celebrate new Islamic year

CAIRO (AP) - Millions of Muslims celebrated the new Islamic year on Saturday, a holiday of low-key religious events in many Arab countries.

Government offices. first day of 1420.

Jordan announced a one-day national holiday during which the government banned serving alcohol in public. Jordanian clergymen held a special sermon during which Koranic verses were

mosques extolling the importance of the new

popular picnic sites.

The year, set according to the lunar calen-

Jeddah (add) (RJ)

-----Frankfurt (RJ)

...Beirut (RJ)

"migration." Islam's Prophet Mohammad and his followers fled from Mecca to Yathrib, later called Medina - two towns in Saudi Arabia banks and schools towns in Saudi Arabie
were closed for the — to escape religious

The flight took place in 622, and Mohammad used the event as a reference point to all other major dates. Subsequently, in 637, Caliph Omar instituted the year of the flight as the first year of the Islamic era.

Saturday was the first day of Muharram. the first month of the new year.

In most of the Arab World, the day is a national holiday. But in Saudi Arabia. Qatar and Persian Iran, it's a normal working day.

Macedonia. swamped by JORDAN TELEVISION Tel. 4773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO

	18:00 .	French Programm
	18:30 T	he Prince and The Paupe
	19:00 .	Le Journa
	19:15 .	French Programm
i	19:30	News headline
	19:33 .	Freach Programm
	20:30	Walker Texas Range
	21:15 .	Divine Pledge
	22:00	News in English
ŀ	22:20	Falling for a Dance
		··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PRAYER TIMES

	03:38	Fajı (Sunrise) Duh:
	04:59	(Sunrise) Duh
	11:35	Dhuh
	15:12	
	18:10	Maghret
	19:32	'ish:
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CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tel. 5920740 Assemblies of God Church Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 4624590

4622366 Anglican Church 4624853/4624811. St. Afrem Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 4771751.

Terra Sancta Church Tel.

Amman International Church German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 5688404 The Evangelical Local Church

120,000 ethnic Albanians fleeing Kosovo, clashed with the West on Saturday over whether to open new emergency reception centres, saying it had no wish to

become a vast refugee camp. Defence Minister Nikola Kljucev categorically reject-ed demands by NATO, the European Union and the U.N. to open new camps.

"Macedonia does not wish to become a huge refugee camp," said Kljucev. But the United Nations refugee agency said new camps were urgently needed to put up thousands of new arrivals.

in Amman Tel. 5811295

Church of Jesus Christ of Lat-

St. John the Baptist at De la

Church of the Annunciation

Greek Orthodox Church Tel.

Church of Presentation, Swei-

The Uniate Catholic Church

Catholic Parish Tel. 4614190

Evangelical Free Church Tel.

The Baptist Church Tel.

The Armenian Orthodox

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-

Temperatures are expected to

rise today and tomorrow

becoming 5-7 degrees centi-

grade above average. It will be

hot during the day becoming

warm at night. Clouds will

appear at different altitudes

and winds easterly moderate.

In Aqaba, it will be relatively

hot, winds northerly moderate.

Church Tel. 4771331

Church Tel. 4775261

ment of Meteorology

Armenian Catholic

English-Language

ter Day Saints Tel. 4654932

Salle College Tel. 5661757

Tel. 4637440

fieh Tel. 5920146

Tel. 4624757

4892679

4628052

The Macedonian government also said that it discovered a large cache of weapons belonging to Kosovo Albanian guerrillas in an abandoned mine near its border with Yugoslavia.

Interior Minister Pavle Trajanov said it underlined growing threats to Macedonian security from ethnic Albanian separatism.

Russian President Boris Yeltsin will meet his envoy to the Kosovo conflict, Viktor Chemomyrdin, Premier Yevgeny Primakov and Foreign Minister Igor Ivanov on

Monday to discuss ways of

Yesterday's high temperatures:

Amman 27 Aqaba 32. Humidi-

ty readings: Amman 18 per cent,

Following are the tempreatures

expected today in the following

USEFUL

TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Abbas Al Hakim....4885446

Dr. Ayman Muhtaseb....4875748

Dr. Jamai Jbarah 5347351

Firas Pharmacy5661912

Al Salam Pharmacy 4636730

Mayadah Pharmacy ...5537004

Rukn Al Dawa Pharmacy 5536169

.15/28

.19/34

.12/30

15/28

15/28

12/30

.18/35

Min./Max. temp.

Jordan Valley ...

Agaba 26 per cent.

Aqaba .

Ajloun

.Terash

Um Qays..

Madaba..

Dead Sea ...

AMMAN:

Dr. Arafat Ashhah

Petra

ending the fighting, Russian agencies said Chernomyrdin, a former prime minister, was quoted

as saying he may travel to Yugoslavia and other countries next week. Yeltsin charged him on Wednesday with finding a

political solution to end NATO's bombing of Yugoslavia, which Moscow has strongly opposed. No NATO bombing

attacks were reported overnight in Belgrade and there was some light relief with the staging of the city's annual marathon race and

Dr.Mahmoud Abul Haija (02)245209

Fou'ad Pharmacy .(02)275360

Dr. Mazen Saffarini (05)985832

Palestine Pharmacy..(05)983562

EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre....4637111

Civil Defence Department .. 5661111

Civil Defence Immediate Res-

Civil Defence Emergency.....199

Rescue Police 192, 4621111, 4637777

Highway Police 5343402

Public Security Dept.....4630321

Hotel Complaints.....5605800

Price Complaints.....5661176

Water & Sewerage Compleins __4897467

Amman Municipality Com-

Telephone Information (directo-

Abdali Tel. Repairs.....5661101

Jordan Television4773111

Radio Jordan4774111

Water Authority5680100

Electric Power Co....4636381

RJ Flight Information..44-53200

Queen Alia Intl. Airport _44-53200

J. Electricity Authority .5815615

Central Amman Telephone

.....4617101

.....4775121

..4896390

..**787**111

_121

..0132

..4623101

Fire Brigade......

Traffic Police.....

Blood Bank...

plaints

ry assistance)

Overseas Calls ...

Repairs .

the reopening of three out of seven McDonald's fast-food restaurants.

The official news agency Tanjug said that at Valjevo, 80 kilometres southwest of the capital, four missiles had fallen on a factory which had been almost totally destroyed the previous

Yugoslav television said on Saturday the OSCE. Albania, Slovenia and even George Soros were helping KLA rebels in their campaign against Belgrade. A report by state television

said it had uncovered evi-

HOSPITALS

The Arab Centre for Heart and Spe-

cial Surgery5921199 The Islamic, Abdli5666131/7

Hussein Medical Centre...5856856

Khalidi Maternity......4644281/6

Akileh Maternity......4612441/2

Jabal Amman Maternity....4642362

Malhas, J. Amman.4636140

Palestine, Shmeisani5607071

Shmeisani Hospital5607431

University Hospital5353444

Al-Muasher Hospital 5667227/9

Al-Ahli, Abdali5664164/6

Italian, Al-Muhajreen 4777101/3

Queen Alia Hospital......5157100 Arnal Hospital5607155

Al Amal Cancer Centre ...5353000

Jerusalem Hospital4387181

Govl.

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Ibn Sina Hospital.... (09)986731

Al Hikma Modern Hospital

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"We paid for German unity - and now we will have to pay for peace in the Balkans," Eichel said.

Ibn Al Nafees Hospital

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FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (44)53200 where it should always be verified. Information on other flights is obtained on telephone (44) 52700 or (44) 523250. Information on Royal Wings flights can be supplied on phone

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ARRIVALS Roval Jordanian (RJ) Flights 06:15Bangkok, Doha (RI)

..Rome (RJ) 20:00Vienna, Aqaba (RJ)Paris (add) (RJ)Cairo (**RJ**) ...Maastricht (add) (RJ) Other Flights

Dubai (EK) ...Sanaa (T<u>Y</u>) Kuwait (KU) 11:50 .Moscow (SU) 12:00 Abu Dhabi (GF) 12:30 Jeddah (SV) Doha (QR) Beirut (ME)

Royal Wings (RW) Flights 07:50 Agaba (arriving at QAIA)

10:30 Tel Aviv (arriving at QAIA) 16:00...Aqaba (arriving at Marka Airport) (RW) 18:45 Tel Aviv (arriving at QALA) (RW)

DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights 04:30Bencut (RJ) . 05:30Aqaba, Paris raddi (RJ) 08:00Aqaba,Vienna (add) (RI) 08:30Frankfurt (RJ) 09:50Aqaba Vienna (RJ) } 11:15Tums, Casabianca (RJ) -11:30 Amsterdam, New York (RJ): -Athens (RI) 12:25London (RI). 13:35 Aqaba, Maastricht (add) (RI) 20:05 Caro RiNew Delhi (RI) 20:20 _____Jeddah (RJ) } 21:00Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 23:45Sanaa (RJ) 00:30 Kuala Lampur, Jakarta (RJ)

Other Flights 09:00 — Abu Dhabi, Dubai (EK) 10:00 — Sanaa (IY) 11:45 — Kiiwaii (KU) 12:05 — Doha (GF) 13:20 — Moscow (SU) 14:00 — Jeddah (SV) 15:15 — Doha (QR) 18:35 — Beiru (ME))
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Al Qasaba defeats 'anti-normalisation committee' with a full house at first performance of 'The Immigrant'

By Dima Hamdan

AMMAN attempts from the professional associations' "anti-normalisation committee" to instigate a boycott of the 6th International Theatre Festival particularly performances by the Polestinian Al Qasaba Theatre Group - the Royal Cultural Centre was unusually crowded on Friday and Saturday, with people coming to see the group's production, The Immigrant.

The play is adapted from "The Immigrant of Brisbane" by George Shihadeh, a renowned Lebanese writer. The play is a straightforward black comedy, dealing with social and moral corruption. but also bears deeper political connotations.

The story is set in "Deir Al Zaytoun," a small Palestinian village that has changed dramatically and is now surrounded by Jewish settlements. One night, a Palestinian immigrant, played by Mohammad Bakri, accompanied by a chauffeur (Makram Khoury), returns to the town but dies shortly from a heart attack.

The next morning, we see a vibrant and preserved Palesunian community, villagers

dressed in traditional clothing and enjoying a secure and secluded life. The mayor informs the villagers about the incident and says he discovered a letter in the deceased's coat, stating that he had come to see his son. Therefore, one of the village's women must have had an affair with the deceased and gave birth to his child.

The mayor, again played by Khoury, also reveals another secret: The deceased was carrying a suitcase with over one million dinars, which was his son's inheritance. Therefore, anyone admitting to having an illegitimate son would be the rightful owner of the

Life-long relationships are on the verge of devastation because of a dead stranger. and the news creates chaos among couples.

Men start questioning their wives, since their only objective is to preserve their reputation and honour. Only one, however, is seduced by the notion of becoming rich, so he suggests that his wife claim that their eldest son is the "illigetimate child" in question.

The woman is enraged and humiliated by her husband's immoral proposition. She and tell them of her misfortune, but her husband stabs her to death and tells the villagers that he cleansed his honour because she gave birth to the stranger's son.

Women refuse to believe that their friend could have sinned, but their cries and protests are overpowered by the shouts of men who hail their friend as a true male

chauffeur who escorted the deceased arrives to town with another immigrant. The latter is trying to remember his hometown, but suspects that the chauffeur has taken him to the wrong place. The chauffeur admits that he always takes immigrants to "Deir Al Zaytoun" because it could be mistaken as anyone's hometown and because his car could not reach further

distances. At this point, the audience realises that the chauffeur's mistake has created an uproar in the wrong town and caused the death of an innocent

Al Qasaba made a performance worthy of a play that is full of irony, beautifully contrusted emotions, and energetic choreography.



Mosque (Reuters photo)

Celebrate Earth Day: U.S. Embassy programme focuses on water conservation

AMMAN (J.T.) — The American Centre in Amman will celebrate Earth Day 1999 on Monday, April 19, at the U.S. Embassy in Abdoun. This year's celebration is dedicated to water awareness and conservation and highlights every individual's responsibility to protect water

Earth Day '99 will host the premier of an educational pupper show entitled "A Drop of Water!!!," an Arabic performance produced and presented by the Performing Arts Centre of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation. Earth Day '99 will also feature an Arabic language video produced by the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature on water resources and practices in Jordan. The day's activities will also include displays and exhibits about water conser-

vation and usage mounted by

the RSCN, the Jordan Environmental Society, the Friends of the Environmental Sociey and the Jordan Royal Ecological Diving Centre. Visitors will also be able to access Internet sites and view videos on environmental

Earth Day activities will be held in the USIS auditorium and exhibit halls and will be open to the public from 9:00

Islamists reclaim JMA presidency

By Mohammad Ben Hussein

AMMAN — In a heated battle, the Islamists on Friday tallied another victory in this spring's professional association elections when their candidate secured the helm of the Jordan Medical Association .

In one round of voting, Tareq Tahboub, the leading candidate for the White List - the Coalition of Islamists and Independents for Change and Renewal — gained 1,006 votes. His rival, Hassan Badran, leader of the leftist-One evening, the same nationalist Green List, lost by

a small margin, obtaining 899 Tahboub replaces outgoing JMA President Bassam Dajani, also an Islamist. Dajani was not a contender for the post.

"All political parties put their weight in the presidential ring, because the real battle is for the president's post," said one observer.

Observers believe that the nationalist-leftist movement in the association has compromised its influence with perpetual internal disagreements, paving the way for the Islamists — both highly organised and disciplined to reclaim the seat.

"The division and lack of coordination among doctors was the sole reason for losing the president's post," said one doctor. "A quick look at the elections results shows that the nationalists and leftist had a big chance of winning the presidency had they agreed among themselves on one who preferred anonymity.

Hassan Dadran, Ra'if Faris, and Ahmad Armouti ran for president in three different nationalist and leftist blocks. The National Professional list led by Ahmad Armouti, a

Nasserite, gained 413 votes. The Independent Block, said to be supported by the Palestinian Fateh movement, and led by Ra'if Faris won

343 votes securing the fourth

Around 2.000 members out of the association's 4,820 registered members cast their bal-

· Many believe that the nationalists will still retain significant influence in the association, having retained four of the council's ten seats, as expected.

In an informal coalition with the one Fateh candidate, Mo'men Hadid, who won a seat, and two other "swing" council members of the White List - both independents that trend should counter balance the four seats secured by the White List.

The new council is as follows: Bassem Kiswani, Jafer Ali Huneiti, Nasser Shomali and Nazih Ababneh (of the White List), Samir Samawi, Adam Abdullat, Hayer Obeidat and Mohammad Abadi (of the Green List), Hisham Al Ardha (of Jerusalem), and Momen Hadid (of Fatah).

Jerusalem candidate Hisham Arida secured the highest number of votes, gaining 1,683 votes. Fatch was able to secure the tenth coun-



Doctors cast their votes for a new two-year JMA council and presidency (Petra photo)

cil seat when its representative, Mo'men Hadid, beat five other Fateh candidates and gained 1,056 votes.

"Rivalry among executive council members will be very fierce since it is comprised of equal number of the two

rivals," said another observer. Many believe the election results will fail to rekindle interest in the association, since doctors maintain they have been disappointed by the practices of the Islamists in previous years.

They are accused of misuse of funds and corruption. One doctor, who spoke to

the Jordan Times ahead of the balloting, said around JD750,000 has been siphoned off of association coffers over

Arab bankers

the past few years. The association is scheduled to form a special investigative committee to probthe alleged misuse and corruption.

The nationalists earlier this year lost their last stronghold in Jordan Professional Associations after receiving a stunning defeat in the Bar Association elections when they lost the president's post to the

Islamists. During the 1970s and 80s, when martial law was still in force, the associations were the most prominent outlets for political expression and acted as political fora in the absence of legalised political parties.

The executive council during the 1970s and early 1980s was dominated by national-

ists, who have always secured the president's post and the majority of council seats, leav-

ing little room for Islamists. But after decades of ongoing victories, the nationalists ceded the president's post in most associations to the Islamists, whom many believe are now trying to compensate for their absence in the political arena, particularly in Par-

The Islamists led a boycott of the 1997 Parliamentary elections in protest of the elections and press laws that they consider undemocratic. Nine other political parties, the country's 13 professional associations and several indepenent political personalities also joined the boycott.

JPMC turns JD8.6 million net profit in 1998

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) turned a JD8.6 million net profits in 1998 despite difficult financial and economic circumstances and in the face of stiff competition in world markets, according to JPMC General Manager

day.
The company's total sales of phosphate last year were worth JD225 million, down from JD245 million in

The company recently reached agreement with a Pakistani company for the production of phosphatebased fertilisers, a joint venture whose headquarters will be established at the Pakistani seaport of Qasem, said Madani at a press conference.

In earlier statements, Madani sad that JPMC was taking measures to boost production to eight million tonnes of phosphate by the vear 2001, once the second

fact that the relatively young

gramming, graphics and ani-

mation, software developers

and engineers specialised in

civil, mechanical and elec-

country with a diverse

labour market and it really

depends on where you are

"We do hope and expect

that whenever somebody is

interested in going, they will

check things out and

research as much as they can

where they can go in order

Surfing the Internet under

below the poverty line while

unemployment is officially

estimated at 16 per cent and

independently at up to 27

going," said Barry.

"Canada is a fairly big

fied personnel.

professionals

tronic fields.

phase of an expansion project at the Shidieh mines in southern Jordan is com-

Madani addressed the press conference following a visit to the company's headoffice by Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'ad Ben Zeid, who paid tribute to the compa tions towards the national economy.

Prince Ra'ad was briefed on the company's operations and expansion plans. Company sources said a Jordanian-Indian joint project is now producing 220,000 tonnes of fertilisers, while a joint Jordanian-Japanese project is producing 340,000 tonnes of com-

According to Madani, by the end of the year 2000 Jordan's share of the world's phosphate market will reach 18 per cent. At present JPMC's exports account for 22 per cent of the Kingdom's

pound fertilisers.

national exports.

host meeting in Amman

AMMAN (J.T.) - The general assembly of the Federation of Arab Banks opened a meeting in Amman on Saturday to study its plans for 1999 and elect a new chairman.

The 1999 agenda includes seminars and conferences and the establishment of a compato promote tourism

Central Bank of Jordan Governor Ziyad Fariz, who opened the meeting on behalf of His Majesty King Abdullah, called for greater cooperation among Arab financial institutions to promote economic development in the

Discussions will cover modern trends in marketing and banking services and challenges facing the Arab banks at the international

Fariz presented a general review of Jordan's banks and their contribution to enhancing the national economy. Also addressing the opening session was the association's

chairman, Hussein Mufti.

What's Going On

Amman International Theatre Festival Play "Das Letzte Band" (in Arabic) at the Royal Cultural centre on Monday April 19 and Tuesday April Jordanian Play "The Dictator and the Woman" at

the Royal Culture Centre at 7:30 p.m.

'The Shame" at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman at 6:30 p.m.

French film "Le bon plaisir" at the French Cultural Centre, Jabal Weibdeh on Monday April 19 at 6:30 "Deep Impact" at the Books@Café, Jabal Amman

at 8:30 p.m. (Tel. 4560458).

LECTURE

"The Poetry of Thomas Hardy" by Dr. Nicholas Linfield at the British Council, Jabal Amman on Monday April 19 at 5:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

First Computer Exhibition at Princess Sumaya University College for Technology of the Royal Scientific Society, until April 21.

Works by Iraqi artists entitled "Iraqi Experiments at the Jordanian Plastic Art Association, Jabal Weibdeh, until April 22 (Tel. 4623297).

Plastic art exhibition by Hussein Da'ssa entitled "Horizons of the Nineties" at Orient Gallery, Shmeisani,

until April 20 (Tel. 56813034). Works by Jordanian ceramist Mahmoud Taha at

Darat Al Funun, Jabal Weibdeh (Tel. 4643251/2), until May 6. Also showing an exhibition of photographs by Jordanian artist Adnan Sharif entitled "Spring at Darat Al Funun," until May 6.

Works by Jordanian artist Shereen Audi Kurdi at the French Cultural Centre, Jabal Amman, until April

High-tech professionals lured to U.S. and Canada by better jobs and higher wages

By Dana Charkasi

AMMAN — Economic recession and political uncertainty across the region are the main incentives for Jordanian professionals to emigrate to the West, especially to Canada and the U.S., in search of better jobs

They appear to be lured by success stories scored of first and second generation relatives who emigrated to the West to escape the economic and political turbulence that followed the creation of Israel in 1948. Jordanians from all walks

of life are often heard talking about plans to emigrate to Canada and the U.S. creating the impression that half of Amman's population is on its way out.

Most emigrants seek a more secure life, with better retirement and health insurance packages as well as free schooling for their children. Others want a second passport merely to benefit from services offered to citizens and better job opportu-

Emigration figures provided by the U.S. and Canadian embassies show a generally steady stream of Jordanians applying for immigration visas during the past couple of years though expressions of interest might have increased.

The number of Jordanian applicants for immigration to Canada during 1998 was 496, and 508 immigration visas were issued. The discrepancy in figures between application and actual issuing of visas stems from the fact that the immigration procedures take around oneand-a-half-year. That means the 496 applicants of 1998 will be reflected in the year 2000s figures of immigrant visas issued. Applicant figures of prior years were not

The U.S. embassy does not compile figures of Jordanians who failed to emi-

grate to the U.S. "It is an up-and-down kind of trend. But from our perspective, there is not a sharp increase," said George Barry, first secretary at the Canadian embassy in

"Immigration visas were issued to 552 Jordanians in 1996, to 484 in 1997 and to 508 in 1998," he told the Jordan Times in a recent interview. the interest "Maybe

increased. It's possible that people are thinking about it. We certainly encounter lots of people who asked for information and explore options," he said. "But whether they actually

pursue it [emigration] or not is another thing." Immigration figures provided by the U.S. embassy

in Amman were higher. "The numbers of immigrant visas issued in Jordan for the United States of America were 3,683 in 1996, 3,620 in 1997 and 2,922 in 1998," said a U.S. embassy spokesman.

"Over 28 per cent of these immigration visas were issued to Iraqi nationals," he told the Jordan Times.

"Most of the visas issued were family reunion visas and only three per cent were employment immigrant visas."

the homeland to start a new

life in Canada, often per-

ceived as a safer country

than the U.S., are fed by the

the keyword "Canada Immigration," or "U.S. Immigration," one can find all kinds of useful information, beginning from job offers to real estate bargains — magic words for emigrants. One-third of Jordan's 4.6 Popular perceptions that more Jordanians are leaving million population lives

to find a job."

After years of persistent country is in need of qualidenial, the government recently acknowledged that Accordingly, the majority of immigrants are high-tech the country suffers from economic recession, registering a modest growth of degrees in computer pro-

> less than one per cent last "Competition is very high and the market is small," said Abu Tareq, a U.S.-educated Jordanian in his late 30s who has applied to emigrate to Canada.

In addition to persistent economic challenges in a country with a limited market and scarce natural resources, the sudden death of His Majesty King Hussein on Feb. 7 after a 47-year rule, raised some uncertain-

The transition of power has been smooth - King Abdullah ascended the Throne after the death of his father — but the country continues to show sensitivity to regional politics.

"People are currently passing through a stage of disbelief after the death of King Hussein. They are waiting to see what will happen, and no one is producing or acting." said Abu Tareq, a father of

two, who did not want to who give his full name.

"But a market cannot exist of people waiting." "Jordan has always been a country where any crisis immediately affects the economy. We cannot take

these recurrent ups and downs anymore," said Umm Tareq, who admitted that she and her husband had considered emigrating to Canada after news of King Hussein's second bout with cancer was announced last sum-

"We always feel nervous about what the next year will bring. We cannot plan long-term projects since we don't have a feeling of security."
"We are planning to estab-

lish a business [in Canada] to have a second leg in case something happens in Jordan," said Umm Tareq. echoing commonly held views among emigrants.

However, many emigrants often abuse loopholes in the Canadian immigration system to glean all possible benefits without living there, such as free medical treatment.

Khulud, a mother of three

also anonymity, said her family would not sell all their property in Jordan if their emigration application went through. "We will keep our company running," she said. We just want to land in Canada to officially mark our 'residence' but will leave via the U.S. as a traveller not to get the passport stamped to prove that we exited Canada," she said. "Official-

ing in Amman," she added. "Such people are only interested in getting the passport to enjoy privileges that Canadian citizenship such as free medical treatment," said Umm Tareq.

ly we will be in Canada and

unofficially, we will be liv-

Others want a Canadian passport only to work in the U.S., since Canadians are not required to acquire a work permit to work there. Many believe this allows them to earn more money.

"Wages in America are higher than in Canada," said Maria Zeid, when asked why she and her husband chose to emigrate to the U.S. Increasing costs of educa-

trust in the Kingdom's

tems are other reasons often cited by emigrants for leav-

"In Canada, public schools - contrary to most schools here - offer excellent standards of education. There, you can send your children to public schools. In Jordan anybody who can afford it, sends his children to a private school in order to provide them with the best possible education," said Abu Abdullah, another emigrant hopeful.

Barry said Canadian authorities, aware of the reported abuse by some inmigrants, were planning to enact a new citizenship law by the end of 1999, to close potential loopholes.

Immigrants have to reside a minimum of three years in Canada and to demonstrate profound knowledge about

have to go through interviews, and we can see if they are serious and if they have informed themselves," he added. "... It surprises us sometimes that people seem tion and a general lack of to not really have thought about it well."

1s celebrate

Jamic year

DUPARITE

Canada to gain citizenship. "All immigration aspirants

Armed militia rampage in Timor, 30 feared dead

DILI. East Timor (AFP) — method when they want to Armed militia rampaged through the East Timor capital Dili on Saturday. Mario said. attacking pro-independence supporters in a that left up to 30 people

Witnesses said around 1,500 pro-Indonesia militiamen drove around the city's deserted streets in a convoy of trucks firing weapons and burning the houses of known independence activists.

Residents said the bodies of more than 20 people could be seen strewn on the lawn of pro-independence Manuel Carrascalao's house, and four others could be seen in

a neighbouring garden. "Reports reaching me from Dili said that about 30 in sight and there was no people have already died so far," said Mario Carrascalo, on the house, which is a former East Timor governor and now a member of Indonesia's Supreme Advisory Council, speak-

ing from Jakarta, Carrascalao, brother Manuel's house was the scene of a reported massacre, said he was receiving hourly reports from Dili during the reign

of terror by the militias.

Mario said the death toll could rise as scores of refugees sheltering in his brother's house had been taken away by the militias.

They took up everyone from the house and brought get rid of people without leaving any evidence,"

Manuel's teenage son, Manuelito, was killed in killing and looting spree the attack, his family said. An AFP reporter witnessed the attack on Manuel Carrascalao's Manuel house, which was packed

with some 150 refugees. He said the assault began with stones before the militia advanced into the front garden and reception room, shooting and smashing down doors.

The refugees, who had been camping in the back garden, were trapped by the high walls and around 30 lay crying in fear on the floor of a back dining

Nd troops or police were attempt to stop the attack close to the governor's office, he said.

The AFP reporter and a French radio reporter were hit and threatened at gunpoint by the militia, before one of the militia leaders bundled them into a car and sent them back to their

A second group of militia armed with wooden poles entered the hotel and demanded the journalists hand over the film from their cameras.

Manuel was at the time meeting with Nobel laureate Bishop Carlos Ximenes them to an unknown loca- Felipe Belo and Irish tion. This is the usual Foreign Minister David



East Timorese pro-Jakarta militiamen brandish home-made weapons including rifles during a show-of-force rally April 17 in Dili. About 1,000 militiamen vowed to make their increasingly-violent homeland a part of Indonesia, hich annexed East Timor in a move not recognised by the United Nations (Reuters photo)

the morning.

some 300 metres away. Andrews later flew out of the city for Bali, a journal-

An official at a clinic in Dili said seven people had been brought into the building with gunshot wounds. One, a 58-year-old man shot in the chest as he stepped down from a bus, died later.

The militia also burned down the house of Leandro Isaac, the leader of the National Council of Resistance of East Timor (CNRT), an umbrella group for the pro-independence movement, as well as the house of a dead activist. They also ransacked the

Timor) daily and a human rights office.

Troops and police were nowhere to be seen on the streets during the rampage. which the Indonesian state news agency Antara described as a "cleaning operation".

Indonesian army Colonel Tono Suratman said violence erupted in "clashes between returning militia and pro-independence groups," who he said had ambushed the militia.

"So far eight people have died from both sides," Suratman, chief of the East Timor military command.

told AFP by phone. It was the worst violence each government office, we offices of the Suara Timor in East Timor since the will rid them of civil ser-

Andrews at Belo's house Timur (the Voice of East Liquisa massacre on April vants who are against Indonesia." he said. 6. when the pro-Indonesian militia gunned down refugees in a churchyard

west of Dili. The military said' seven died while human rights bodies put the distributed death toll at more than 50. Saturday began with a show of force by the pro-Indonesian militias who paraded through the city in

Eurico Guterres, the leader of the Aitarak (Thorn) militia, told the parade his group was launching a purge to weed out pro-independence supmy proposals. porters from the adminis-

Today, we are going to

The militias, who oppose any attempt by the former Portuguese colony to break away from Indonesian rule. threatening leaflets carrying a list of people to be beaten and outlining steps to crush pro-independence senti-

Indonesia, which invaded East Timor in 1975 and annexed it a year later, said in January it would offer the territory independence if its people reject autono-

The rising violence has threatened a however planned U.N.-supervised ballot on autonomy tenta-

Rebels kill dozens in western Uganda

fighting to oust Ugandan President Yoweri Museveni have killed 37 people in the past week, 14 of them in attacks in the past two days, newspo reports said Saturday.

The attacks have disrupted the shipment of relief food to between 50,000 and 70,000 Ugandans displaced by months of violence.

The U.N. World Food Programme (WFP) said Saturday it had resumed transporting food to the region early this week after temporarily suspending convoys due to the

insecurity. "We have been forced to arrange military escorts to accompany our food convoys to ensure that transporters can travel safely, and the food reaches those who need it." WFP Uganda director Michael Jones said in a statement.

Rebels of the allied democratic front killed at least 14 people in two separate attacks Thursday and Friday in western Uganda after they crossed over from bases in Eastern Congo. the independent Monitor newspaper reported. It said the rebels have killed 37 people in the past

The ADF operates in the

KAMPALA (AP) — Rebels dense forests of the Rwenzori mountains that straddle the border between Congo and Uganda, and rebels often launch cross-border attacks disrupt Museveni's government.

The government-owned new vision newspaper said Saturday the two attacks and a smaller one in the same area had claimed 27 lives since Thursday.

New vision said nine people were killed late Friday when rebels struck the village of Bubombi on the outskirts of the western frontier town of Bundibugyo, 386 kilometres west of the capital Kampala.

Ten villagers were also killed on Thursday at Nyakigumba. near the town of Fort Portal, the report said.

Officials could not be reached to clarify the death toll.

The new vision said security and military officials visited the Fort Portal region Friday and

promised to deploy more troops. The World Food Programme said it sent 70 tonnes of food supplies to Bundibugyo earlier this week for 30,000 people displaced by rebel attacks. It said two-thirds of a total of 200 metric tonnes of maize, beans oil and corn-soya blend targeted for the region had now been deliv-

Fragments of Korean Air crash plane's black box cover found

black box belonging to the stolen. Korean Air cargo plane which crashed near here on Thursday have been found, a Korean Air official said Saturday.

However. extensive searches by Chinese soldiers combing the site have so far failed to turn up the flight data recorder located in the black box, the official told AFP.

"Parts of the black box cover were found today but the rest of the body of the black box has not been found," he said.

"They (black boxes) can stand high temperatures and high impact," said the official who declined to speculate on why only parts of the cover were found.

The crash on Thursday afternoon at Minhang, 12 kilometres from Shanghai's Hongqiao airport, killed the three Korean Air crew and six Chinese people on the ground. Thirty-six other Chinese people on the ground were injured.

Parts of the cover of the black boxes may have been scattered over an area with recorders were found.

The black boxes may have been taken away by villagers who took parts of the plane and stole some of its spilled cargo." said the official who requested anonymity.

Residents in the area had swooped on costume jewellery the plane was carrying, along with a cargo of mushrooms and computer parts, he told reporters at the crash site.

However, a Korean Air official in Shanghai disputed this.

"I don't think that the black box has been stolen. The debris was scattered over a wide area. We are still trying to find it," he

said on Saturday. Information on the data recorders could help determine the cause of the crash which South Korean officials said Friday was caused by an on-board explosion. Chinese officials said there was no evidence of this.

"The site is showered

just like a big explosion," said the Korean Air

"Two body parts have been found but they must go through DNA testing. We don't know if they are from the same body or not," he added.

The body parts are believed to belong to the Korean crew whose families have arrived in Minhang, the official said. South Korean and Chinese investigators at the

site have found the altitude indicator, which showed the cargo jet had reached 1,000 metres when it started descending at a 30 degree

"This means that the plane, which was climbing to a higher altitude after taking off, suddenly started falling after reaching a height of 1,000 metres," a South Korean transport ministry official said.

A Korean Air spokesman said it would be premature to discuss the cause before

SHANGHAI (AFP) - official had earlier said the with fragments of textiles the black-box flight data

conduct the investigation

into the cause of the crash. "Under international aviation law, since the crash occurred on Chinese territory. China has the right to conduct the investigation into the cause. However, since the airline is South Korean and the aircraft is made by a U.S. manufacturer, we have allowed the two countries to send their people here," a Shanghai foraffairs eign

spokesman said. Five South Korean aviation experts are in China and U.S. aircraft maker McDonnell-Douglas has also sent officials, he added.

China will seek compensation for the six Chinese people killed by falling debris, the spokesman said.

There is a compensation issue involving the people who were killed by falling debris on the ground. The Chinese government has the responsibility of obtaining compensation for

A Chinese civil aviation Serbs ready to resist NATO troops, general says

BELGRADE (R) — A Serb large losses," he added. general commanding forces in Kosovo said on Saturday he could muster 150,000 armed Serbs to fight and win against any NATO ground intervention in the province.

"Our people are strong enough to endure all these pressures and aggression on our country and to come out as a winner." General Nebojsa Pavkovic, commander of the Yugoslav Third Army, said in a report carried by the state news agency Tanjug.

In the territory of Kosovo (and Metohija) there are now over 150,000 people under arms. If every third gun hit its target, that will be the price the aggressor will pay if he tries to come to our country." Pavkovic said.

"No foreign soldiers will come to this territory without

NATO, which is into the fourth week of air bombardments to end Serb oppression of the southern Serb province's ethnic Albanian majority. denies any plan to commit ground troops.

But there is increasing talk in diplomatic and military circles of the possibility of a ground war as hundreds of thousands of ethnic Albanians flee the province. Serbia says they are fleeing NATO bombs but the refugees and the West say they have been brutally expelled.

Pavkovic, in the Tanjug report, said the effects of NATO bombing that began on March 24 have been "practinegligible" Yugoslavia's ability to wage

In an account wildly at odds

said his army alone had downed 16 NATO planes, five helicopters. 46 cruise missiles

and four unmanned aircraft. NATO has admitted losing one fighter plane, an F-117A Stealth fighter, shot down early in the air war. "I look at the effects in terms

of aims NATO has reached in this territory — one of them being to support the ethnic Albanian terrorist forces and to provoke a mass armed rebellion in the area of Kosovo." Pavkovic said, referring to the separatist Kosovo Liberation Army which is fighting an armed campaign for Kosovo's

independence. "This aim was not realised at all and in the first days of the aggression on our country the aggressors virtually put themselves in the function of supwith those issued by NATO, he port to the ethnic Albanian ter-

Tanjug also reported that NATO missile strikes had forced large numbers of ethnic Albanian civilians to flee their homes in Gnjilane, Vitina and Kosovska-Kamenica in the east of the province.

"Some civilian buildings and houses in the ethnic Albanian part of the village Silovo. in Prilepnica, Malesevo and other villages of the Gnjilane municipality have been hit and totally destroyed and the population is fleeing the NATO projectiles in long refugee columns." Tanjug said.

It was just such a column that Serbs say NATO warplanes bombed repeatedly on Wednesday, killing more than 60 ethnic Albanians. NATO has yet to fully

explain the circumstances of

Can't remember that song title? Tune in to the net

WELLINGTON (R) — Help is at hand for anyone musical notation and who has ever gone crazy trying to remember the name of a tune buzzing around their head.

Computer scientists at the University of Waikato in New Zealand have developed an Internet-based system that will name that tune after you sing a few notes into a personal com-Duter.

"Users can literally sing a few bars and have all melodies containing that sequence of notes retrieved and displayed," the scientists report on the University's digital library website.

"You can listen to the

download them in a variety of popular formats."

The Melody Index (or Meldex) service is currently in development and limited to 9,400 folk songs from around the world. But the New researchers said digital storage and music recognition technology such as theirs was the way of the future — to the undoubted relief of music shop assistants asked for the name of a song based on a few tuneless sung notes.

The Meldex website can reached www.nzdl.org by following the music library link.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Russia looks to patch up relations during Pakistani leader's visit

MOSCOW (AP) — Russia plans to use an upcoming visit by Pakistan's prime minister to improve tense relations between the two countries, an official said Saturday. Relations between the USSR and now Russia and Pakistan have not been brilliant, to put it diplomatically." Deputy Foreign Minister Grigory Karasin told the Interfax news agency. Karasin said the visit by Pakistani Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif on April 19 could have a "normalising and reviving" effect on the two countries relations. Sharif was expected to meet with top Russian officials to sign various economic cooperation agreements during his three-day visit, foreign ministry officials have said. It will be the first visit of a Pakistani prime minister to Russia in 25 years. The two countries' relations have long been tense because of Russia's close military and economic ties with India, Pakistan's rival. Relations were also soured by the Soviet Union's invasion of Afghanistan in the 1980s. Karasin said that though it wants to improve relations with Pakistan, it would not forget its close friendship with India. "India and China, naturally, remain the main priorities in our policy" in the Asia-Pacific region, he said. Sharif was also expected to discuss recent test launches of nuclearcapable missiles by both India and Pakistan. Russia expressed concern about the launches, saying they could lead to a new arms race in Asia.

Malaysian FM leaves Thailand after trip overshadowed by Anwar

BANGKOK (AFP) - Malaysian Foreign Minister Syed Hamid Albar left Thailand Saturday at the end of a visit overshadowed by the jailing back home of former Deputy Premier Anwar Ibrahim. Syed Hamid, who took up his post in January, left for Kuala Lumpur after a three-day stay aimed largely at familiarising himself with his Thai counterpart, officials here said. He met Friday with Prime Minister Chuan Leekpai and Foreign Minister Surin Pitsuwan. "There was no discussion of the Anwar issue. Thailand has already expressed its attitude towards this matter," government spokesman Akapol Sorasuchart said earlier. Thailand has said the issue is Malaysia's internal affair, sticking to the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) line by declining to comment on the domestic affairs of member states. Anwar was Wednesday sentenced to six years jail on corruption charges after a bitter feud with Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad, resulting in a hail of international criticism. Questioned by journalists. Syed Hamid defended the ruling on Anwar as "transparent" and "accountable" and not a violation of human rights, the Nation daily reported Saturday. "It is not a kangaroo court. It was subject to media coverage with local and international media," be said. "We offer no apologies for what we have done so long as within our system, within our law, we have given the individual the opportunity to be heard." He also dismissed criticism that Anwar's jailing might affect ASEAN unity, but acknowledged some of its members may hold reservations over the ruling. "Individually we may have our own inclinations and views, but inclinations will not override the overall interest of ASEAN." ASEAN groups Brunei. Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand

Obasanjo arrives in Accra

ACCRA (AFP) — Nigeria's civilian president-elect Olusegun Obasanjo on Saturday arrived for a one-day visit to Ghana, where he was met at Accra's airport by Foreign Minister Victor Gbeho. A foreign ministry source said that the retired general Obasanjo would hold talks with President Jerry Rawlings and meet members of the Nigerian community living in Ghana, as well as a delegation of local Ga chiefs. Obasanjo is due to take office on May 29 after more than 15 years of military rule.

Italy protests to Belgrade over journalist incident

ROME (R) — Italy on Saturday protested to Belgrade over the treatment of an Italian television journalist who said she was detained, threatened and interrogated for 10 hours before being expelled from Yugoslavia. The foreign ministry said it had summoned Yugoslavia's ambassador to Italy to lodge a protest and ordered its embassy in Belgrade to make similar representations to the Yugoslav government. Lucia Annuziata, who was working for state television's second channel, said she was hooded, handcuffed to a radiator and kept on the floor for 10 hours before being declared "persona non grata" and expelled earlier this week. She and a companion, an Italian businessman, were stopped at the border between Yugoslavia and Croatia as they were planning to leave the country. They were taken to an undisclosed location outside Belgrade where she said the interrogation and intimidation took place by plainclothes men. She said she was asked about her work, her opinion of Italian Foreign Minister Lamberto Dini, her political contacts and her knowledge of Italy's secret services and Italian embassies in Yugoslavia and neighbouring Macedonia. The foreign ministry said Belgrade was told that such intimidating behaviour against journalists was inadmissible and that Annuziata was owed an apology.

Britain's Monet show to stay open for 34 hours non-stop

LONDON (AFP) - An exhibition of the works of French impressionist Claude Monet will stay open for 34 hours non-stop before closing on Sunday in a bid to accommodate public interest, organisers said. London's Royal Academy hopes the ground-breaking move will allow an extra 8,000 people to see the exhibition "Monet in the 20th Century" which has provoked exceptional interest despite a high entry price of £9 (12.5 euros, \$13.7) for adults. "We think it is an historic event, which reflects the 24-hour society we live in and is providing people who haven't vet seen the exhibition with an opportunity to do so." said a Royal Academy spokesman. Around 8,200 people have admired the 80 works by the artist, who died in 1926, since the show opened in January.

3 dead, 40 injured in bus accident

HELSINKI, Finland (AP) - Three people were killed and some 40 injured when a charter bus carrying members of a Russian Orthodox congregation to a monastery drove into a ravine Saturday in southern Finland, police said. The bus ploughed through a fence along a highway near Heinola, 135 kilometres north of Helsinki, and then plunged down a 10-metre ravine. Police were investigating the cause of the accident. The passengers were on their way to spend the weekend at the monastery in eastern Finland.

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FM leaves Thailand

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anjo arrives in Accra

Motests to Belgrade o lournalist incident

print show to stay ops

4 nours non-stop

March's presidential elections that demonstrates the strong link between religion and populist politics in Taiwan. the guest of honour at the ceremony, placed three carved

images of the goddess Matsu inside an ornate Palanquin at the Taoist Chenlankung Temple in the town of Tahchia,

> Flanked by local politicians from the ruling nationalist party, Lien used the Taiwanese dialect to ask for the goddess' blessing on the gathering and presented incense before the

about 130 kilometres south of

200-year-old temple's alter. The appearance by Lien, considered President Lee Teng-Hui's preferred successor, comes amid efforts by the nationalists to reform his patri-

cian image. Banqueting, toasting and visiting temples are key ways for

Taiwanese politicians to prove their credentials as populists, and Tachia's Matsu procession is considered one of the most important events on the religious calendar.

Lien was followed at the temple by potential rival James Soong, a former top local politician who outscores Lien in most public opinion surveys but is unpopular with the

nationalist leadership. Beginning at midnight Saturday, the Tachia Matsu procession will follow the Matsu images along a 280 kilometre route through the central Taiwan agricultural plain over eight days and seven nights. Tens of thousands of believers line the procession way, pray-

ing to the goddess to bring them health and good fortune over the months that follow. The cult of Marsu, a goddess of mercy worshipped originally by fishermen, has thrived throughout Taiwan since being brought from southern China's Fujian province by immigrants

beginning about 400 years ago.

"The enemy belt has been tia has gained ground at severely" by several policemen severe beating in separate inci-Khenjan in the northern captured by the forces of Thursday during a four-hour dents, a source close to proprovince of Baghlan after the Islamic Emirate and the interrogation in Hongko police democracy groups said an opposition commander station, paroled political prisswitched sides, Information Journalist Ma Xiaoming was oner Yao Zhenxiang told AFP. Minister Mulla Amir Khan said. arrested on Thursday in north-Muttaqi said Saturday. went to Yao's home in order to em China's Shaanxi province Muttaqi dismissed reports express his condolences over while he was covering a of heavy fighting in the the death of Yao's mother the protest by farmers complainarea Friday, saying the "surrender" of opposition attacked. ing against their tax burden, the previous day. New York-based Human The U.S.-based Free China commander Sayed Mirza Movement said about 10 peo-Rights in China (HRIC) said in along with 130 of his men a statement sent to AFP here. ple were briefly held during and three tanks caused a Ma. 45, who worked for a that incident. collapse of the rival Yao's mother died on provincial television network. defence line. was held in the Zizhou area. Wednesday less than an hour after she met her son who had The farmers have become

The Pakistan-based information service, Afghan Islamic Press, had reported

his ailing mother. The family a "large-scale" offensive by has accused police of having the Islamic militia at precipitated her collapse Khenjan, supported by aerithrough their treatment of Yao. al bombardment. After his mother's death, Yao Muttaqi said the Taleban was allowed to stay with his had taken the area between

KABUL

of their treatment of women in September 1996, the Taleban have forced women off the job, closed schools for girls and forced

Taleban slam Clinton's criticism

particular their treatment of They also warned the U.S. president that his criticism only serves to damage relations between the States and United

(AP) — The

Taleban religious militia slammed U.S. President

Bill Clinton Saturday for

his attacks on the Taleban's

human rights record and in

Afghanistan.
"This criticism will only be bad for relations between Afghanistan and the United States," said a foreign ministry statement.

Clinton has been a strong critic of the Taleban's treatment of women. But the Taleban said "any

criticism regarding Afghanistan's Muslims and women's rights should come from a Muslim." That excludes Clinton, said the foreign ministry statement.

"This Clinton is not a Muslim and does not know anything about Islam and Muslims... who is he to order the Afghan nation to change its Islamic principles regarding the women's right and Islam?" the state-

ment asked. Since taking control of the Afghan capital of Kabul

women to wear the allenveloping burqa, which hides them from head to toe. They see through a mesh opening that covers their eyes.

Also women in the 90 per cent of Afghanistan ruled by the Taleban are required to travel outside their home with a male relative. They are publicly beaten for fraternising with a man

Taxi drivers often are beaten for transporting women unaccompanied by a male relative. A married woman found in the company of a man other than a relative or husband can be stoned to death.

other than a relative.

The Taleban's foreign ministry statement also argued that women were safer today in Kabul than during the rule of former president Burhanuddin Rabbani, who was ousted by the Taleban in 1996.

During Rabbani's four years in office there was a bitter civil war with rival Islamic parties that devastated about 70 per cent of Kabul and killed 50,000 people, most of them civilwomen and children. Rabbani and his military

chief Ahmed Shah Massood now head the northern-based opposition which is waging a bitter battle with the Taleban. The opposition rules about 10 per cent of Afghanistan.

The Taleban's foreign ministry said Clinton spoke out against the Taleban's treatment of women to appease American women and to capture the women's

vote in the United States. Under strict Taleban rules women would not be allowed to vote.

Afghanistan's Even opposition includes several parties who also are vehemently opposed to women voting in a general election. Many also are strong supporters of women wearing a burqa.

"The women of America have a strong hold on elections in the United States and Clinton wants to win over women's opinion to his advantage," said the Taleban's statement.

"Both Afghanistan and the United States has its separate social background... and each country should respect the culture of the other's country."

Protests rage into the night in Malaysian capital

- Protesters carried on into the night in a Muslim district here Saturday as police used water cannon against supporters of jailed former Deputy Premier Anwar

Stinging jets of chemicallaced water broke up a street protest in the politically sensitive district of Kampung Bahru, a hotbed of opposition to Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad, but demonstra-

tors defiantly regrouped. The acrid odour of the chemicals drifted through the streets and alleys of the densely populated area.

The unrest coincided with the start of the Islamic year in the Muslim-majority nation, which has been hit by protests since Anwar was sacked and arrested in

September after a feud with Mahathir.

"Down, down Mahathir," the protesters chanted, taunting police and paramilitary forces with shouts of their battle cry "reformasi".

At one point some 200 demonstrators hurled rocks at police outside a mosque in Kampung Bahru before being turned back by bursts of water. Anwar was sentenced to

six years in jail on four charges of corruption Wednesday, triggering daily protests and scattered clashes with police.

He insists he was the victim of a political conspiracy. Earlier Saturday, police detained 58 people at another mosque in the city centre. the Bernama news agency said. Some of the suspects rounded up appeared to

have been identified from photographs of previous ral-

Bernama quoted Kuala Lumpur police chief Kamarudin Mohamed Ali as saying his men seized petrol, stones, knuckledusters, two slingshots, a bag of marbles, a Molotov cocktail and a pair of scis-

But the crackdown failed to avert a march by some 500 people who called for the resignation of Mahathir, whose sacking of Anwar turned him into a rallying figure for anti-government

sors from the suspects.

groups.
"We the students of Malaysia are fed up and sick of Mahathir," a student leader said at the march.

"We want to show the world that Malaysians are able to bring about changes country, not a country ruled by a handful of Mahathir

eronies," he added. The demonstrators moved toward a shopping district where police used water cannon to break up the crowd.

Malls and boutiques were shut down as jets of water were sprayed at demonstrators and onlookers, including several foreign tourists.

Mahathir, who is recuperating after spending 10 days in the national heart centre with a lung infection, called Saturday for unity among Malaysians in a special New Year message.

"The country will collapse if the people are disunited and concerned only with self-interest," he was quoted as saying by Bernama in a special New Year message.

Pakistan says India's political turmoil an internal affair

ISLAMABAD (AP) — Following the collapse of India's Hindu nationalist government Saturday. Pakistan said it remained committed to negotiations with its uneasy neighbour regardless of who is in

power. Saturday's confidence vote that brought down Indian Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee's government "was an internal affair of India's" said a Pakistani foreign ministry statement.

added that "Pakistan desires underground nuclear devispolitical stability in the region." But regardless of who is in power, the foreign ministry said "Pakistan will pursue the dialogue process with India irrespective of the nature of the govern-ment in New Delhi."

between Relations Pakistan and India have not been easy since the Asian subcontinent gained it independence from Britain in

But last year when the

Meanwhile, pro-democracy

activist Li Guotao was "beaten

been given permission to visit

family until the funeral. He is

obliged to return to the Dafeng

work camp to complete his three year 'reform through

Li is a member of the under-

ground China Democratic

Party, many of whose top lead-

ers were handed long prison

labour" term.

However, the statement two neighbours exploded

'Chinese police

arrest journalist'

BELIING (AFP) — Chinese broadcasts.

police arrested a journalist and

subjected a dissident to a

incensed over his arrest and

have demanded that the

authorities release him" the

But the television network

officials, contacted by tele-

phone, said they were unaware

whether Ma had been set free.

HRIC said Ma renounced his

communist party membership

last year in protest at a previous

arrest for having given an

interview to the Voice of

America (VOA) during

President Bill Clinton's China

TAIPEI (AP) — Political

heavyweights turned out for an

Saturday in a warmup for next

Vice President Lien Chan,

Taoist procession

China routinely jams VOA terms last year.

Taiwan politicians

in election warmup

HRIC statement said.

es their relationship became a matter of international concern.

Malaysian riot police use water cannon to disperse demonstrators supporting sacked and jailed Malaysian Finance

Minister Anwar Ibrahim in Kuala Lumpur April 17. Police on Saturday blasted protesters and shoppers alike with

the water cannon on the fourth day of street demonstrations in support of Anwar (Reuters photo)

Combatants in three wars since 1947, many world leaders feared a fourth confrontation between India and Pakistan could quickly escalate into a nuclear war. This week the two countries exacerbated tensions by conducting tit-for-tat tests of ballistic missiles capable of carrying nuclear and conventional warheads.

In February Vajpayee

Afghanistan's Taleban mili-

made a historic bus trip to Pakistan's eastern Punjab capital of Lahore to meet his counterpart Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif.

The two men signed the Lahore Declaration promising to try to settle their outstanding issues throughout negotiations. The most contentious

issue is the disputed region of Kashmir, which has been the flash point of two of the three wars between India and Pakistan. Kashmir was split between the two countries and both Pakistan and India lay claim to a united Kashmir.

"Pakistan remains committed to the implementation of the Lahore Declaration in letter and spirit," said the foreign ministry statement.

"It is only through dialogue that outstanding problems, including the core issue of Jammu and Kashmir can be resolved and peace and security strengthened in the region,

Taleban claim territorial gain in northern Afghanistan

enemy has retreated towards Andarab," Muttaqi He said forces loyal to last obstacle to its ambition commander Ahmad Shah

Masood had not counter-But sources close to Masood told AFP from the nearby Panjsher valley by

tricts of Baghlan.

satellite telephone that the ruling militia gained territory Friday and frontline "changes" had occurred around Khenian. But they claimed the lost territory had been retaken by the

opposition the same day. Khenjan sits on the main highway linking Kabul to Afghanistan through the Salang tunnel

Khenjab and Andrab dis-Kush mountains. Andarab guards the approach to Masood's stronghold of Panjsher valley. The Taleban controls

about 80 per cent of Afghanistan. Masood is the of controlling the whole country.

The frontlines had been relatively quiet over the past four months after the Taleban swept wide swathes in northern and central Afghanistan in last

U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Karl Inderfurth said Wednesday that the Taleban were bracing for a major offensive against the oppo-

ment on the statement.

Pakistani police on alert amid strike over Bhutto's conviction

KARACHI (AFP) — Pakistani police and paramilitary troops were on high alert on Saturday as a strike called by former Premier Benazir Bhutto's party to protest her conviction on corruption charges hit a string of towns in her home province, witnesses said.

Residents said the entire Sindh interior province, including hometown Bhutto's Larkana, were paralysed by the strike, held in defiance of a ban imposed last October when the government slapped direct federal rule on the province to curb a rising tide of vio-

Reports said activists from Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP) blocked main roads at several places in the interior, burning tyres and hurling crackers and disrupting traffic on

roads. In the urban centres of Sukkur and Hyderabad, members of the region's native Sindhi-speaking majority community responded to the call.

Party officials said police baton-charged a protest rally in the town of Nawabshah and detained federal Senator Ghulam Qadir Chandio along with more than a dozen others.

southern In the province's capital of Karachi, Pakistan's largest city and a stronghold of ethnic Mohajir Qaumi Movement, shops were closed only in Lyari district, inhabited mainly by PPP supporters, where dozens of women rallied in protest.

Some women tried to block a rail track in the suburbs of Karachi but police removed them, witnesses said.

PPP provincial president Nisar Khoro said 200 party workers had been detained in the province, but a senior police official put the figure at only two dozen. Thousands of police and

paramilitary troops were deployed across the province following warnings by the provincial government which said the call for a day-long strike by the PPP was unjustified. The party enjoys strong

electoral support Sindh's interior which is dominated by the native Sindhi-speaking commu-

Provincial governor Moinudeein Haider said Friday that state machinery would be used to prevent the strike.

Residents said security forces in armoured vehicles patrolled streets in tense areas.

Several protest rallies have been held since a court Thursday sentenced Bhutto and her husband Asif Ali Zardari to five

them from holding public office. The court ordered the confiscation of the couple's property and fined them \$8.6 million after convicting them of accepting kickbacks in a contract awarded to a Swiss firm in 1994.

Lawmakers belonging to the PPP have threatened to quit the federal parliament and provincial assemblies if Bhutto is barred from politics, party officials said.

The central executive committee of the party has met in Islamabad to plan a response to the conviction, which will include country-wide demonstrations

week, they said. Bhutto, who is in London, has slammed her conviction as a miscarriage of justice and accused the government of dragging the country towards dictatorship. Her husband is already in jail on other criminal charges. She said she would return home and file an appeal to

the supreme court. In another statement. released here by her party. Bhutto denounced what she called the "brutal" police action against PPP workers, particularly in Sindh.

"I was shocked and strongly condemn the arrest of senator Chandio and use of force against peaceful demonstrators," the opposition leader said.



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Helping Arafat

THE LETTER that President Bill Clinton is expected to send to Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat "making the most explicit recognition of an independent Palestinian state," as reported from Washington, will make a postponement of the declaration of a state on May 4 much easier for Palestinian leaders.

The Palestinians are still divided on the issue with some, like the Speaker of the Palestinian Assembly Ahmad Qouriea, calling for a unilateral declaration of the state on that date, while others are advocating restraint for fear of rocking the boat on the eve of the Israeli general elections on May 17. The supporters of the May 4 deadline fear that any postponement will only compromise the credibility of the Palestinian leadership and offer the Israelis additional time to tighten their grip on Palestinian lands.

The Palestinian leader has been campaigning for a clear U.S. position on the right of the Palestinians to a state of their own on their own soil. Unless Arafat gets such assurances from Washington, as he did from the Europeans, he prefers to keep the world guessing about his next move. The U.S. letter on this issue, however, is not expected to go far enough in spelling out an unequivocal endorsement of the Palestinian's right to their own independent and sovereign country.

However, the president's anticipated letter can still be strong in substance. It would be enough at the moment to recognise the Palestinian's right to self-determination, because that in effect amounts to recognition of their right to establish their own independent state. Self-determination throughout the annals of history, especially within the context of contemporary international law and jurisprudence, means nothing less than the right of peoples to create their own independent state. Besides, the right to self-determination is an inalienable right under international norms that President Clinton will have only to reaffirm and reiterate in his letter. All the world, including the majority of Israeli citizens, recognise that the establishment of the Palestinian state is

Palestinians have many reasons to delay the declaration of a state. It would be more prudent for them to wait because the state's borders, water rights, and the status of east Jerusalem have yet to be negotiated and agreed upon. Any precipitous declaration of a state whose geographic nature has yet to be determined would be fraught with all sorts of diplomatic and political problems not to mention the security related issues. Besides, the bets are in favour of a change of leadership in Israel in May. Without such a change, the Palestinians would not stand a chance of successfully obtaining their rights. It is worthwhile waiting until the end of this year before they proceed to exercise their natural and inalienable right to independence.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Al Dustour's Ahmad Syam said the government's newly announced emergency plan to handle a possible water shortage this summer indicates the real crisis relies on how to properly manage water resources. Clear evidence for this is the government's moves to exploit the Zai Water Treatment Plant's full capacity, drill and operate new resources as well as take control of privately-owned wells, if necessary, said Syam. The writer said that the water problem is no longer an "ordinary summer issue", as Jordan, just like other Arab countries, faces a real depletion in its water reserves and non-renewable resources — a factor that will negatively reflect on per capita water consumption. Syam quoted World Bank statistics as reporting that the 1990 per capita consumption in Jordan was 224 cubic metres, while per capita consumption in 2025 is expected to be 91 cubic metres. The writer urged the Kingdom and all Arab countries to draw up a strategy to deal with future situation, which requires water rationing, new irrigation methods, water desalination and

Al Dustour's Abdul Illah Abu Ayyash said the 60 per cent increase in oil prices in recent weeks was a result of measures taken by oil producers, reducing their production to strike a balance between demand and supply in the international market. The improvement of oil prices will reinvigorate the Gulf states' economies, which have been suffering a recession in oil returns, budget deficits and investment problems, said Abu Ayyash. Because these economies undoubtedly affect Jordan, their improvements will reflect positively on the Kingdom as the increase in oil returns will expand expenditures on projects in these states, and this will result in increased imports from neighbouring countries. Also, said the writer, His Majesty King Abdullah's policies with all Arab countries including the Gulf states, will strengthen Jordan's economic opportunities. This economic "optimism" requires certain preparation by the public and private sectors to sufficiently handle any developments in the Gulf states' economic situations, the writer concluded.

Negative growth or slow down?

ACCORDING TO current offi- tion of head of the economic was widely understood to mean cial estimates, the Jordanian economy was growing during the past three years 1996-1998 at the rates of 0.8, 1.3, and 2.2 per cent respectively. Since these figures are tentative, or rough estimates subject to change, it is safer to assume that the Jordanian economy is currently stagnating at near zero growth.

Jawad Al Anani introduced the expression "slow down" to describe the state of the economy during the past three years. However, Prime Minister Abdur-Ra'uf S. Rawabdeh came up with another more aggressive expression, namely retreat, to describe the same state of affairs.

The difference between the two terms does not arise from different understandings or diagnosis of the state of the economy, rather it stems from the different positions of the two officials. The furst was in the responsible positeam of the government, and therefore is interested in playing down the problem to avoid blame. The second is not responsible for the past, instead, he is worried about the future and the formidable tasks awaiting him. Therefore, he is interested in highlighting the problem: if he fails to solve it, he has something to blame, and by the same measure, will gain considerable credit if he succeeds in revitalising

the economy. Leaving political and personal dimensions aside, let us try to examine the difference between economic slow down and economic retreat.

A slow down means that growth remains positive but at a slower pace. A retreat, on the other hand, may mean either a lower growth rate, as above, or a lower gross domestic product (GDP), i.e. negative growth, which is what it

based on the government's statement of policies.

We don't know exactly what the prime minister has in mind, because the statement can mean both. However, he later moderated his position and was more specific to mention retreat in per capita income, which may mean a positive growth rate lower than the rate of population growth which thus reduces the average

standard of living.
It is not terribly important to change the description from slow down to retreat, because the remedies in both cases are the same. To ignore the economic problem may only serve to suppress the symptoms while giving the ailment more time to deterio-

The stability of Jordan is now perceived by all regional and international players as essential. Since the only risk that threatens

Sunday's **Economic Pulse**



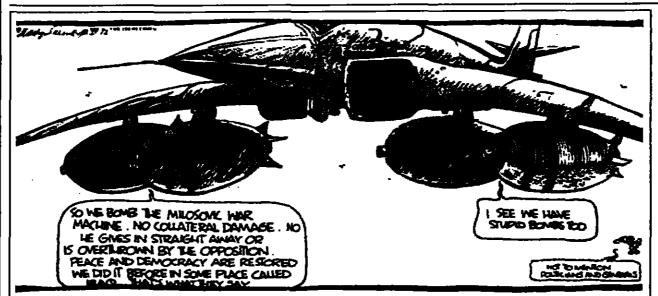
Dr. Fahed Fanek

the stability of Jordan can arise from a weak economy, poverty, high unemployment, and a deteriorating standard of living, the world stands ready to extend assistance in one form or another. Under such circumstances, all the facts should be revealed, and no attempt should be made to pretend that everything in Jordan's economy is business as usual.

The introduction of a new economic adjustment programme approved by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) should serve as evidence that Jordan is behaving responsibly. It is helping itself before asking others to help, and therefore deserves Arab and foreign support, including meaningful relief of the heavy external debt burden.

There are signs indicating a slow down in certain sectors of the economy. Other indicators show negative growth especially in agriculture, water, construction, exports, imports, fiscal deficit, money supply, and the foreign exchange reserves with the Central Bank.

The only positive and promising indicator is political. The general atmosphere improved, and the attitude in Jordan is upbeat.



Putting things in perspective

The discovery that Upsilon Andromedae — the closest star to our solar system — has more than one planet is propably the news of the millennium

By Gwynne Dyer

THIS WEEK: In Europe, a NATO plane mistook a column of Kosovo Albanian refugees for the Serbs who had burned their homes and bombed them, killing dozens. Discussion of this event was not drowned out. oddly enough, by the stunning discovery, simultaneously reported by separate teams of astronomers in Boston and San Francisco, that Upsilon Andromedae's innermost planet is not alone. There are two

others orbiting the star as well.

In Asia, Pakistan's ex-Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto was sentenced to five years in jail for corruption (probably deservedly, though the trial was unfair), and Malaysia's former Deputy Prime Minister Anwar Hussein was sentenced to six years for corruption (probably unjustly, and the trial was a joke). In other news, it was learned that Upsilon Andromedae's three planets orbit their sun as closely as Venus. Earth and Mars orbit our own.

In Africa, the many-sided war in the eastern Congo staggered from one indecisive clash to another, and Algeria once again failed to hold an election honest enough to end the civil war that has killed 70,000 people since 1992. Elsewhere in the galaxy, at least 18 relatively nearby stars have been found to have single planets orbiting them since 1995, but Upsilon Andromedae is the first multi-planet system ever discovered (apart from our own).

In the Americas, the Brazilian government lifted a ban on logging in the Amazon, and in Canada the nation held its breath while Wayne Gretzky, the greatest hockey player of his generation, pondered retirement. Earthbased wire services carried no sports reports whatever from any of Upsilon Andromedae's planets, though they are only 44 light-years away.

All right, don't beat it to death. It's understandable that local news will get a bigger play in parochial media like Earth's than even the biggest events elsewhere, and besides there probably aren't any sports reports from Upsilon Andromedae.

All three of the star's known planets are gas giants on the scale of the Solar System's biggest planet, Jupiter - three- fourths, twice, and four times Jupiter's size, reading from the innermost planet out. Planets that massive, made up mostly of gasses that would be poisonous to carbonbased life like ourselves, are unlikely to be home to anything we would recognise as a sportsman.

Moreover, while Upsilon Andromedae is a sun very like our own, its planet's orbits are very different. Upsilon Andromedae I is even closer to its sun than our own innermost neighbour, Mercury, in a tight 4.6-day circular orbit that makes it impossibly hot for life. U. Andromedae II and III are at Earthand Mars-like distances from their sun, but swing in and out in highly

elliptical orbits that make their surface temperatures vary wildly in the course of a year.

Nevertheless, this really is the news

of the decade, or perhaps of the millennium: We are not alone!

"With the discovery of the first planetary system beyond our own", said Dr. Geoffrey Marcy, head of the San Francisco State University team that shared the discovery, "we are witnessing, I think, the emergence of a new era in human exploration." And though nobody has yet found planets able to support our kind of life around other stars, the odds that such planets abound — and in our own galactic neighbourhood — has now risen to near-certainty.

Scientists have to be conservative in their public speculation about the significance of their work, but this time they can barely contain their excitement.

Only since 1995 have we had any good evidence that our own family of nine planets circling the Sun's warmth was not a unique cosmic accident, explained Dr. Robert Noyes of the other team that shared the discovery, based at the Harvard-Smithsonian Centre for Astrophysics. Moreover, all the previous finds were giant single planets. That was not surprising, since existing techniques can 'see' only giant planets at these great distances, but "if we find only individual ones, there's a nagging question of 'is it really a planet'?

They might, instead, be what another astronomer called 'failed stars'. But Upsilon Andromedae's planets are unmistakably just that: the discovery "really establishes that these are planetary systems in the sense we know and love," added Noyes. What that means, in all probability, is that the entire universe is absolutely rife with life.

Dr. Debra Fischer of the San Francisco State University team put it in more cautious astronomerspeak: "If our interpretation is right and every star like our sun has planets, that really increases the odds (of finding life) a lot."

Every star has planets? The American teams have scanned over 900 nearby stars in the past few years and found only 18 with planets, including the three-planet Upsilon Andromedae system. They think another of those 18 stars has a second planet, but it may take several more years to be sure because it has a very long orbit: probably 15-25 years. So how does that translate into every star with planets, and many of them suitable for life?

The method they are currently using to find these planets — careful observation of the tiny wobbles that are produced in the star's own movement as planets orbit around it, followed by complex calculations to figure out the planets' size and orbits practically guarantees that they in very close orbits round their stars. That sort of system, on present evi-

"...if an infinite number of monkeys tapped randomly at an infinite number of typewriters, sooner or later one of them would type out the complete works of William Shakespeare'

dence, is quite rare, but it is the only kind we can yet see. Smaller, more habitable planets like our own, or gas giants that are in orbits as far out as our own Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune, do not produce big enough wobbles in their sun to make their presence known at great distances. If you used the current methods from the distance of Upsilon Andromedae, you would not find any planets around our own sun.

But that doesn't mean they are not there, either in our own case or in several hundred billion others. It will be a while yet before better observational techniques can confirm it, but it's now likely that planets are as common in the universe as grains of sand on a beach — including several Copacabanas of planets exactly like our own. And since even the interstellar spaces are filled with the organic compounds that are the building blocks of life, most planets suitable for supporting our sort of life probably actually have it.

When I was a child, one of the ways they tried to explain the concept of infinity was to say that if an infinite number of monkeys tapped randomly at an infinite number of typewriters, sooner or later one of them would type out the complete works of William Shakespeare.

But here's a different take on infinity: a galaxy with a hundred billion Shakespeares and Pushkins and Rabindranath Tagores, some writing with claws, and some with tentacles, and some with fingers much like our own. And news reports in a trillion languages about a trillion air strikes, a trillion corruption trials, a trillion retiring sports heroes. Far away from here, but right now.

Of course, I'm only talking about our own galaxy, not the billions of others. But it does put things into a different perspective, doesn't it?

can only find huge planets which are The writer is an independent Londonbased journalist whose articles are published in 45 countries

Letters to the editor

One step forward, two steps back

A COUPLE of days ago I read an article in the Times of London entitled "Peace Dividend across the River Jordan" on how peace is slowly changing the Middle East for the better. The essay was about a young Jordanian entrepreneur. Omar Salah, who, taking advantage of the peace treaty between Jordan and Israel, set up a joint venture with Israeli counterparts in Irbid, my home town, with an annual turnover of 62 million pounds. His company, according to the Times (Friday April 9, 1999) is now the largest garment manufacturer in the country employing more than 2000 people and exporting to such well known outlets in Europe and the U.S. as Gap. Banana Republic, and Marks & Spencer.

You can imagine how proud and elated I was to read this article. At last, I thought, my fellow countrymen are beginning to shed the antiquated mind sets and the atavistic world views which for years, had clouded our vision, constrained our action and turned us into zombie-like figures too afraid to embrace the rapidly changing world around us! At last we are adapting to the new realities of our time.

Until I browsed through the April 11 edition of the Jordan Times and read about a group calling itself the 'anti-normalisation camp' who are apparently huffing and puffing because an Israeli actor — an Arab Israeli for that! — is about to perform on the Jordan stage. For a moment I couldn't believe what I was reading. Are these people for real?? Is there really an active-group in Jordan concentrating all its energy on fighting normalisation of relations with a neighbour we have no choice but to live with whether we like it or not?? And for what end? And how could any alternative to normalisation possibly help our people and our country???

It is a great shame that the foresight of those two great Jordanian patriots King Abdullah and King Hussein, the founders of our country - may they rest in peace who saw no benefit to us from a continued state of alienation with our Israeli neighbours, had not rubbed off on the zealots in our society who still live in fear of Zionist infiltration and conspiracies!

Israel, my fellow countrymen, is no longer the enemy! If those fanatics wish to identify the real enemy of progress in our country all they need to do is to look in

> Dr. Kamal Tawfiq Nimri Professor of Politics & International Relations The American University In London Nimier@cwcom.net

Potty training

EVERYONE IS talking about Jordan's water crisis, but very few people seem willing to play an active role to reduce the impact. Household water usage (water used in the cities versus that used for agriculture and industry) is approximately 30 per cent of the total. This is a relatively high percentage. What it means is that Jordanians can play an active role in reducing overall water consumption. There are 101 ways to do so including: shorter showers, not flushing the toilet every time, not letting the water run when washing the dishes or brushing teeth and not washing cars so often. Yet, from where I stand not too many folks are interested in taking responsibility for their actions. This may not come as a big surprise. Why get involved when it is so much easier to talk about the problem. I've noticed in fact, that water in Jordan is as widely discussed as the

I ran an experiment at my house the other day with some guests to see if anyone was interested in doing their part to save water. I put a sign above the toilet that simply asked people not to flush the toilet if they were only going to urinate. At the end of the evening, I could flush the toilet once. It takes a while for urine to begin to smell so I did not see this being a problem. I also discussed with them why I felt the need to take this step and how I would appreciate their cooperation. Unfortunately, it was too much for them to handle. In every case, they flushed the toilet. I calculate that with a total of 6 flushes between 100 and 160 litres of fresh water went into the sewer. I am using official statistics. I suppose people are just embarrassed of their urine. Ironically, however, when the water shortage kicks in nobody is going to be able to flush their toilet anyway. So why don't people start conserving now? Are they ignorant or do they just not care? I think it must be the latter. My guests from the other evening are highly educated folks. From now on, I'm going to turn off the valve so they can't flush. I think I'll call it potty training.

Do you realise how much water would be saved if the people of West Amman flushed their toilet only one time less a day. A lot. Take it on faith. Also, if not flushing the toilet is too big of a deal, we could always start with something easier like not leaving the water running while shaving, like the guy at my sports club last night. The whole time it was running we were discussing Jordan's water problem. In the end, I told him that he was on candid camera and that we were doing a special feature on environmental ignorance.

Philip Thomas

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His music reflected the 20th century, and last week Duke Ellington was posthumously awarded the Pullitzer price

Composing the century

By John Fordham

I HEARD Duke Ellington and his Orchestra just once, at Westminster Abbey in October 1973. Ellington was 74, but though he looked a little drawn, and his eyes were pouched with pillows luxurious enough to refund him — from the countless nights' sleep he'd missed in a halfcentury on the road — he was mostly as natty as his pictures from the glittering years - and the music glowed through the church like evening sunlight through stained-glass.

Not that it was faultless: the libretto foregrounded too much of the homespun zealotry of Ellington's later textual writing that contrasted sharply with his exultant, astonishing music. Yet the Abbey was filled with sounds that nobody but Ellington could have brought there - the childlike serenity of Swedish singer Alice Babs's melody on Every Man Prays In His Own Language, the ingenious choice of a recorder solo to follow it, whispering through the deep sonorities of the church, and his still-eager piano sneaking Things Ain't What They Used To Be into the intro to The Majesty Of God.

Only the long hair now straggling over Ellington's collar signalled that the 1960s had been and gone - and only the absence from the bandstand of the much-loved faces that fans cherished from old album sleeves suggested that Ellington now had lost more members of his musical family than he could daydream great nights past with and sustain that famous smile. Paul Gonsalves, one of the band's remaining lynchpin saxophonists, had even been hospitalised with an epileptic fit that very day.

Monday of last week provided a fascinating counterpoise to that quartercentury old recollection, one that occupies the thoughts of the Duke's admirers, as the centenary of his birth on April 29, 1899 approaches. Mercedes Ellington told the press that her grandfather had been disappointed when he didn't win the Pulitzer Prize during his lifetime, but he shrugged it off by saying, "Maybe God thinks I'm too young." He won it last week — 25 years late.

Ellington was dying on that October day in Westminster Abbey — he died the following year. At his own insistence, few people knew of his condition. He had been told he had lung cancer the year before, and found himself up against an obstacle that wasn't so easy to flirt, cajole, reason or dream his way around as he usualiv dia. Neithet could he invent an antidote to the problem in the elegant arches and parabolas of scrawled notes on crumpled sheet music in the back of a cab. But when the going gets tough.

Ellington danced that night. At the end of the concert he linked arms with his performers and leapt in the aisles. In his photograph on the cover of the Third Sacred Concert disc, his eyes are closed and he is smiling, as if he knew he had achieved something with a musical encounter that — despite under-rehearsal, absence of key players through ageing and illness, and a consequent reshuffle of the usual balance of the band to concentrate on



'The vibrancy and rich, kaleidoscopic colours in his work reflected a 20th century of quicker movement, shortening distances, instant news'

vocals, piano and Harry Carney's saxophone - had ended up as a typically Ellingtonian triumph. The palette of free-spirited individuals he painted with was more restricted, but the balance of simple song and rich harmonies, of prescription and freedom, of urgency and tranquillity still raised hairs on the back of the neck.

October 24, 1973 was United Nations Day, and the chairman of the U.N. made a speech at the gig. It was always United Nations day when the Ellington band, played. The Pulitzer board as good as acknowledged that fact when it announced its belated tribute to Ellington's lifetime achievement this week. They declared the prize was "in recognition of his musical genius, which evoked aestheticalprinciples of democracy through the medium of jazz, and thus made an indelible contribution to art and culture."

In a century that saw the jazz band expanding the materials and methods of music-making, Duke Ellington was one of the most prolific and imagina-tive explorers of the new music's potential. This was partly because of the sounds he imagined, its characteristic instrumentation and the shape of its bluesy melodies could be stretched to make. But it was also partly because he was a collaborator, not a patriarch, for all his urbane charisma and single-mindedness. His materials were the jazz idiom's unique

melodies and rhythms, but also the personalities and special signatures of its improvising soloists. He obliterated the sectarianism of "art" and

He wrote, or co-wrote thousands of compositions during a half-century of constant work, and developed that body of material without respite from the responsibilities of being a band-leader and performer himself. Ellington thus wrote on the road. There was always a piano in his hotel rooms, and he would compose on trains and in cars. He wrote music like a journalist, catching the clamour of 20th century urban life, unable to finish anything without a deadline chattering in his

Ellington was involved in some of the best-known songs of the century, like Creole Love Call, Sophisticated Lady, In A Sentimental Mood, I Got It Bad And That Ain't Good, and Caravan. The extent to which his collaborators, particularly Billy Strayhorn, Johnny Hodges and trombonist Juan Tizol shaped these indelible melodies is impossible to accurately assess, because Ellington was an enabler as much as he was an orthodox composer. Melodies often came to him through listening to the improvisations of his musicians, repeating them on the piano and bouncing them back to the players for embellishment. He composed in a faster and more reflexive way for a faster and more reflexive world. The vibrancy and rich, kaleidoscopic colours in his work reflected a 20th century of quicker movement, shortening distances, instant news. And it also reflected the democratising dynamics of jazz, that put the player first. But all these volatile chemicals would not have amounted to the Ellington contribution to music without the sorcerer himself, who knew just when to let a spontaneous reaction go critical, and when to douse it down.

He was born Edward Kennedy Ellington in Washington D.C. on April 29, 1899. His mother Daisy Kennedy was the daughter of a police captain - "a real Victorian lady," according to Duke's sister Ruth. His father James was a coachman, and eventually a butler, for a high-society Washington doctor. Though the 1890s had been a period of backlash against advances in black status following... emancipation, and ambitious blacks found the obstacles stacking up, politicians in some areas were recog-

nising that the black vote might count. Furthermore, Washington's administration was seen as more committed to equality man most places in in union. It explained the stature of Daisy Kennedy's father within the community - and this background. coupled with James Ellington's fascinated familiarity with middle-class mores, did much to impart to their son Edward his legendary sophistication and repudiation of second best. Daisy Kennedy doted on the boy, encouraged the elegant manner of speech, classy clothes and dignified sense of self-worth that led to the nickname "Duke." He would stand on the steps of the house and make his cousins bow to him, saying: "I am the grand, noble Duke; crowds will be running to me."

Though the young Ellington was briefly given piano lessons at around the age of eight (the name of the teacher, Mrs. Clinkscales, is part of jazz folklore), he showed no particular promise for music in his early years, and the indications were that painting would be his preference. He married Edna Thompson in 1918 and had a son - Mercer, who carried on the Ellington band after his father's death. Ellington put his aptitude for art to material use by starting a signpainting business. But dance music was beginning to boom in Ellington's teens, and it was as natural for the boy to get together with friends and try to replicate it, as it is for teenagers to

copy, for better or worse, the sound of

'He would stand on the steps of the house and make his cousins bow to him: 'I am the grand, noble Duke: crowds will be running to me"



It was, unsurprisingly, a white band-leader — Paul Whiteman — who was

sold as the king of symphonic jazz.

But, though Whiteman's band was

strong and the arrangements often

vivid, he was slow to appreciate the

magic ingredient the fledgling north-

ern jazz orchestras needed. Ellington,

who aspired towards uptown life but

wasn't living it, had better access, by

race, class and economics, to the real

news. And he wasn't as nervous as

Whiteman, with his conservative,

high-rolling audiences, of the raw and

earthy music coming up from the

South. Ellington hired the raucous,

bluesy trumpeter James "Bubber"

Miley, a declamatory King Oliver dis-

a pop hit today. Those early piano lessons, and a growing concentration on the technicalities of music that intensified around 14, allowed him to find his way around popular rags and dance-tunes, and a local band he formed with friends was eventually called The Washingtonians.

The band was naive and unsteady to begin with, but over four years or so of playing dances in Washington, it improved — though the repertoire was only tangentially related to the "hot" jazz being played by Louis Armstrong and King Oliver in the south, and was a more or less lively rag-based music with a sugary tonality, as if such bands were unhappy that their saxophones weren't violins. By the early 1920s, Ellington was hear ing that dance musicians were doing good business in New York, and moved there to try his luck. It was tough at first, but the "Harlem Renaissance," a briefly flourishing New York-based celebration of African-American culture, was encouraging a receptive climate for black art. There was also a flourishing fashion for "symphonic jazz," a hybrid music of classical orchestral effects and more or less substantial jazz references that pointed the way to jazz forms extended beyond the popular song or the blues. Black semi-classical composers like Will Vodery and Will Marion Cook were powerful forces in this

ciple who could make a trumpet sound like a sob or a guffaw, the imperiously passionate soprano saxophonist Sidney Bechet (who had worked with Will Marion Cook), and the serpentine trombonist "Tricky Sam" Nanton. With this line-up, the Washingtonians were reborn.

· The breakthrough, as the world now knows, was a long residency at the Cotton Club in Harlem, during which time what was now the Duke Ellington band sensationally evolved from a dance outfit that featured bold splashes of primary colour from New Orleans over a clunky Dixie two-beat, to a revolutionary orchestra capable of miniature symphonies — not derived from respectful watereddown classical portowings, but con ceived from the ground up and dominated by new materials from the cutting edge of twenties and thirties jazz. In the Cotton Club years, the band

was often providing impressionistic, painterly music for live revues - that was how early classics like The Mooch, Rockin In Rhythm and Mood Indigo were made. But as the swing craze took off in the mid- 1930s, the Ellington band showed it could blast the opposition out of the doors in a packed ballroom, as well as play for the late-night clinches with the help of one of the most sensitive and poignant romantic saxophonists of all time, Johnny Hodges.

Though big-band swing was eclipsed by tight wartime economics and the rise of the more cerebral and intricate beloop in the forties, the decade saw the Ellington band at its very best, and featuring sensational soloists like the breathy and sensuous tenor saxophonist Ben Webster, the sonorous baritonist Harry Carney, and trumpeters like Cat Anderson who could seorch paint. Billy Strayhorn seemed to have become part of Ellington's brain, and a stream of dazzling music poured from the orchestra, including Concerto For Cootie, Harlem Airshaft, and Take The Train.

Ellington and Strayhorn were now borrowing classical-music harmonies and ambitious manipulations of key. but reinventing them with vocabularies infused with jazz feeling and intonation, and allowing the creative tension between the improvisers and the score to breathe and stretch. The rhythm section also became more conversational and countermelodic, thanks in part to the emergence of a short-lived double-bass pioneer. Jimmy Blanton.

By the 1950s, all the big bands were in economic difficulties, and the rise of rock'n'roll was the writing on the wall for swing as the sound of the Western world's pop. Even Elling-ton's star waned during the decade, before rising again with a comeback at the 1956 Newport Jazz Festival that had his name humming the wires again, and his face on the cover of Time magazine. Out of nowhere, tthough some say inspired by a woman he liked the look of in the crowd), saxophonist Paul Gonsalves blasted 27 consecutive blues choruses out of Ellington's Diminuendo and Crescendo In Blue, a tour de force that was both pure jazz spontaneity and a wake-up call to anybody who thought it was only rock n'roll that could get them leaping in the aisles.

A new popularity inspired Ellington, and the invention of the longplaying record also encouraged the conception and recording of even more extended pieces. Such Sweet Thunder, a dedication to Shakespeare, made the conjunction of classical materials and jazz more equal than formerly: Ellington wrote a number of longer pieces inspired by his world travels; and as he grew older he devoted himself-increasingly to his sacred music, which he came to regard as the culmination of his life's work.

"In recognition of his musical genius, which evoked aesthetically the principles of democracy through iazz, and thus ma dium ot indelible contribution to art and culture," says the Pulitzer board.

Too true, but it waited until it was sure the world agreed before it stuck its neck out. Fortunately, enough people to matter realised all of that within Duke Ellington's extraordinary lifetime. He gave the world the most unified, optimistic, sensuous and generous vision of what being "an American" could mean. The 21st century might judge that he was naive about that, but it won't subtract a shred of magic from the immense body of music he left us.

— The Guardian



The sailing ship 'Endurance,' under full sail in the ice of the Antarctic, was taken by photographer Frank Hurley in 1915. More than 150 pictures from the failed 1914-15 Antarctic expedition went on display at the American Museum of Natural History in New York last week (Reuters photo)

Book review: Politics, love and the people

By Yusuf Idris, translated by R. Neil Hewison American University in Cairo Press, 1999, 166 pages

City of Love and Ashes

WHILE EGYPT'S struggle for independence was still in its infancy, the young writer Yusuf Idris chose it as the subject and setting of his first novel, Qissat Hubb (A Love Story), published in 1956. Though Idris subsequently received much acclaim for his short stories, it took over forty years for Qissat Hubb to appear in English as City of Love and Ashes. Yet,

despite the passage of time, the themes of this novel have not

lost their relevance. The story is set in 1952, six months prior to the July Revolution which freed Egypt from the rule of King Farouk and British colonialism, Hamza, a university student, has been politicised by the escalating street clashes between impoverished Egyptians and British troops. He decides to fight for Egypt's freedom and devotes himself to building armed resistance cells. Women have no part in his view of the struggle, until he meets Fawziya who appears to share his qualms about mixing love and the cause. The ensuing dialogue explores the connection

between the personal and the

political — an issue that has preoccupied many modern writers, especially since the 60s. Is a politically committed person above "trivial things" like personal feelings as Fawziya suggests? Should we "burn ourselves up so that others can live," or "live and fight so that people live," as Hamza propos-

Another theme which Idris explores is "the people" those postulated and real agents of change whose character continues to daunt political activists, commentators and social scientists alike. Hamza and Fawziya, of course, discuss this in an Egyptian context. After the declaration of maroal law, Fawziya explodes: "People have just given in. They're like a dead crocodile: however much you prod it, it doesn't feel a thing". Hamza argues to the contrary: "If you'd been in Alexandria on the 6th of March and seen the kids walking unamed into the machineguns, you wouldn't say that... It was one of those moments when you really saw the people of this country, the people they say are mild and submissive... you see them as a giant, as an invincible colossus. You see them in the kids — most of whom had probably had nothing to eat that day - who were being slaughtered by the bullets and who were resisting and

Like the good storyteller that he is. Idris allows neither himself as the narrator, nor his characters, to resolve these debates outright; rather, they are resolved by the unfolding of events in the story.

The other outstanding feature of this novel is its realism. Besides its literary acumen. there are several reasons why Idris was able to present such credible characters and dialogue. First and foremost, he quite literally lived the events he wrote about. While studying medicine, Idris took part in demonstrations against the British and King Farouk, and was imprisoned for revolutionary tracts published by the students council. He later joined underground organisations fighting the British. That his political commitment was a sustained one is seen in the fact that he fought with the Algerian liberation movement in the 60s. (Unfortunately, such biographical data was not included in this volume, but can be found in a collection of Idris's short stories: The Cheapest Nights, Lon-

don, Heinemann, 1978). Idris was moreover committed to revolutionising Arab literature. He was among the first to give a real voice to the poor and downtrodden as full-blown,



CITY OF LOVE · AND ASHES

nuanced characters, not mere stereotypes. He recorded their dialogue in their language --colloquial Arabic, even though this was frowned upon as a departure from literary Arabic. As the translator points out, this distinction is lost in translation, but it surely contributes to the realism and credibility of the dialogue.

In this deceptively simple story of boy-meets-girl-in-crisis-situation, Idris shows that political commitment and high quality literature are not mutually exclusive categories, but may well complement each

Sally Bland

Dubai bears up well under oil price slump

DUBAI (R) — The Gulf emirate of Dubai, which promotes itself as a regional tourism and trade centre. has suffered less from the oil price slump than its neighbours, but needs to boost its industry, a leading economic official said.

Dubai Department of Economic Development chief Mohammed Al Abbar told Reuters that Dubai was less dependent on oil than some of its neighbours, although the United Arab Emirates' commercial centre was not immune from the oil slide.

The government of Dubai has not been affected very much because there was very tight control on government expenditure anyway and our oil income is not so large...but I do think it affects people's psychology," he said in an interview.

He also said Dubai, one of the seven emirates of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), did not have big government-owned corporations that needed propping up with subsidies.

Dubai produces around 250,000 barrels per day of oil, tiny in comparison to neighbouring Abu Dhabi, which produces the bulk of the UAE's output of about two million barrels per day.

Abu Dhabi, which has built up billions of dollars in overseas assets, also finances most of the UAE's federal budget.

Al Abbar said Dubai's drive to develop alternative sources of income, such as trade and tourism, was progressing well but the emirate still had further to go in diversifying income sources.

"I think the industrial sector is not getting enough attention...and it's important to give it attention because it is possible to build industrial production up to say between 15 to 18 per cent of GDP (gross domestic product) from around 9.5 or so now." he said.

But Al Abbar added that all Arab Gulf economies could emerge from the experience of low oil

prices stronger and leaner. "It's good (the oil price crisis) in the sense that it takes people back to their desks and makes then realise where the waste is. and governments are known for waste...it's good

things," he said. Speaking on developing the financial industry in the UAE, he indicated that "the non-existence of a stock exchange or capital market has been a disadvantage, but that is being sorted out."

rework and rethink these

The UAE has been working on setting up a formal bourse for several years. The central bank has said a draft law to set up the longawaited exchange expected to be approved in the next few months.

"I have no doubts that our stock exchange will eventually be very competitive, provided it keeps investor confidence high, provided it is monitored properly and that companies have to go through the proper unveiling of all information to the public — and these will be very strict conditions," Al Abbar

Greenspan lashes out against protectionism in U.S.

DALLAS (R) — Federal Reserve (Fed) Chairman Alan Greenspan on Friday lashed out against a rising tide of protectionism in the United States and criticised the Clinton administration's trade policy for being too narrow-minded and confrontational.

The United States has been in the forefront of the postwar opening up of international markets, much to our, and the rest of the world's, benefit." he said. "It would be a great tragedy were that process reversed."

Greenspan, a fervent freemarket advocate, said the massive rise in world competition that growing international trade had caused over the past half century had resulted in "markedly higher standards of living for participating countries

— particularly the United

The central banker harshly criticised the administration's trade policies for being too adversarial, based on the belief that trade is a zero-sum game in which a gain by one player is always to the detriment of the other.

"If trade barriers are lowered by both parties, each clearly benefits. But if one lowers barriers and the other does not, the country that lowered barriers unilaterally would still be better off having done so," he

Greenspan also cautioned against promoting trade policies solely in terms of how many jobs they might help to create, as the administration has done in trying to drum up support for the North American Free Trade Association (NAFTA) between the United States. Canada and Mexico that came into effect in 1994.

"We try to promote free trade on the mistaken ground that it will create jobs. The reason should be that it enhances standards of Hying through the effects of competition on productivity," he said.

The Clinton administration sold NAFTA over the objections of labour unions as a job-creating trade deal.

arguing it would create more high-wage jobs in the United States.

Exchange Rates

Most economist would call NAFTA a success, but the trade agreement has been criticised by labour groups, which say it has cost America manufacturing jobs and depressed U.S. Greenspan said the rapid

gy, facilitated by free trade, brought painful changes for many workers in industries that were becoming less competitive. But raising protectionist barriers in response to such "wrenching" adjustments would be the wrong

transition to high-technolo-

response and risked slowing down overall economic growth, he warned. "It would be a great tragedy were we to stop the wheels of progress because

of an incapacity to assist the victims of progress," he "The campaign to expand free trade is never won,"

Greenspan added. "It is a

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MAJOR CURRENCIES AGAINST JORDAN DINAR

Record U.S. trade deficit increases pressure on Europe and Japan

WASHINGTON (AFP) — A record S17 billion trade deficit in January highlighted ominous imbalances between the United States and its trading partners and revived calls for Europe and Japan to do more to boost growth.

The January figure, up from a \$14.1 billion shortfall in December, reflected a two per cent increase in imports and a 1.4 per cent slump in exports. The rise in imports under-

scored a booming stock market that has lined the pockets of U.S. consumers and allowed them to indulge a near insatiable appetite for foreign goods.

On the other hand, the decline in exports pointed up stagnant or negative growth in the traditional U.S. markets of Europe, Japan and Latin America.

The January figures caught the attention of two U.S. cabinet ministers and the country's top trade official, each of whom said the ever-widening gap between robust, 6.1 per cent growth in the United States and sluggishness just about everywhere else is not sustainable.

"I don't worry about monthto-month numbers," said Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin,

"but I do think that over time, as the trade deficit increases and it is very likely to increase given that we are growing so fast — that that can give rise to additional protectionist pres-

The trade gap in 1998 hit a record \$168.9 billion and, according to unofficial estimates at the Commerce Department, could jump to \$200 billion this year.

Answering questions fol-lowing a speech here. Rubin prodded the European Union (EU) to grow its economy and absorb more imports. Otherwise, he suggested,

trade frictions between the two trading powers — the United States and the EU -- would be inevitable "We have a large and grow-

ing trade deficit and far more open markets than they do," he "They have less open mar-

kets than we do, slower growth and a trade surplus that's either holding about the same or increasing," Rubin added."If we're going to avoid having tension that comes from these kinds of imbalances, it is imperative that they increase domestic demand-led growth and open their markets more." U.S. officials have repeated-

Peanuts

ly insisted that both Europe and Japan do more to help struggling emerging market economies by buying more of their exports, arguing that the United States cannot be the sole growth engine for the world

U.S. Trade Representative Charlene Barshefsky turned her attention to recession-hit Japan and charged that Japanese officials had still to implement reforms needed for

Washington has been pressing Tokyo to adopt stimulative fiscal measures as well as economic and financial deregulation as a means of exposing Japanese companies to the benefits of competition.

There is some more positive metoric coming out of Japan, but Japan is still a long way from fully implementing all of the economic reforms that it said it would," Barshefsky told CNBC television.

To the extent that the economy recovers, two things will happen. One, our exports to Japan will grow again and two. Japan's excess capacity will be purchased by Japanese, in Japan, and will no longer flood the U.S. market," she said.

For Commerce Secretary William Daley, the focus of

concern was China, with whom the United States in January had a \$4.9 billion trade deficit, up from \$4.2 billion a year earlier and \$4 billion in December.

January exports to China from the United States came to \$800 million, the lowest since September 1996.

The problem with China. Daley said, is that "we have an open market for their goods (but) their market has not been

The trade figures are approaching "the point of being politically unsustainable, and I think that when you look at these numbers, that point may be occurring a little sooner than we thought." he added.

just with China but with Japan and Europe as well — are not likely to get better any time soon, according to economist David Gilmore of Foreign Exchange Analytics.

The trade numbers — not

"The numbers in January represent more of a trend than an aberration." he said. "Until we see stronger

domestic demand in both Europe and Japan, these numbers are going to continue to look pretty horrific."

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UAE Etisalat in GSM expansion deal with Motorola Motorola NSS is responsible for

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United Arab Emirates GSM network operator Etisalat and Motorola, Inc.'s Network Solutions Sector (NSS) have announced an award worth \$27 million for the expansion of the GSM900 MHz network in Sharjah and the Northern Emirates. The expansion will continue until the end of 1999. Motorola NSS

NEW YORK

will supply its market-leading series of M-Cell^{PA} GSM base transceiver stations to enhance capacity and coverage throughout the area.

In areas with high subscriber density, the network will adopt Motorola NSS's multilayer system - comprising Motorola

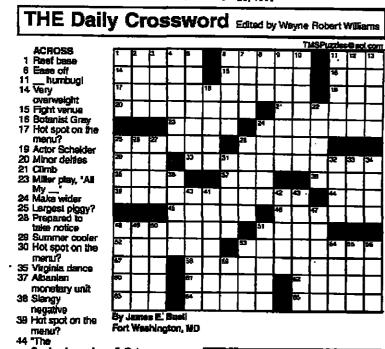
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NSS's M-Celi6 and M-Celi2 macrocellular base station series for outdoor wide area coverage. and the M-Cellarena for urban microcellular underlay high capacity coverage.

The third layer is Motorola NSS's award-winning M-Cellaccess inbuilding system — the "wireless enterprise" - that enables operators such as Etisalat to provide GSM services to corporate customers with the advantage of one phone, one number contactability with total mobility. With 100 per cent GSM in-building coverage. the mobile phone can be used within the office in place of the fixed "desk" phone.

manufacturing, sales and integration of Motorola's collular infrastructure and iDEN cellular/two way radio products. NSS is a multi-billion dollar business with more than 16,000 employees. Headquartered in Arlington Heights, Ill. NSS has major engr neering, marketing and manufacturing facilities in the USA, the United Kingdom, Brazil China/Hong Kong, Singapore and

Motorola, Inc. is a global leader in advanced electronic systems services. Sales in 1998 were \$29.4 billion.



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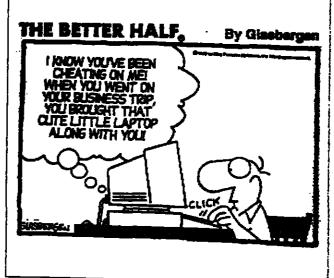
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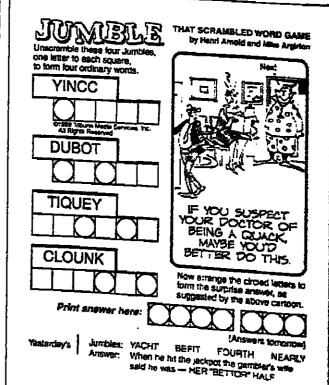
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Jordan Duty Free Shops Company boosts sales. profit and distributes free bonus shares

** THE JORDAN Duty Free Shops board and that prime locations were cho-Company boosted its sales from ID156,000 in 1997 to ID4.56 million in 1998 and posted a JD1.9 million gross profit at the end of last. After taking into account various administrative and general expenses, the company's net profit in 1998 amounted to JD1.12 million compared to a JD145.000 net profit recorded

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CENTRAL BANK BULD

The shareholders, meeting in an extraordinary session of the general assembly, did not approve the distribution of cash dividends but instead, opted for distributing free bonus shares valued at JD735,000 that represent 20 per cent of the company's paid-up capital as of Dec. 31/1998. The general assembly authorised the company to also float 100,000 shares for private subscription.

The abovementioned authorisations were carried out by reducing the company's registered capital from JD5 million to JD3,675.000 and then raising the capital again to JD4.51 million at JD1 per share. The equity of the public sector in the company after the restructuring of the capital was 60 per cent and the remaining 40 per cent was in the hands of the private sector. According to the annual report, the com-

pany's assets totalled JD6.12 million compared to JD3.2 million at the end of 1997. Current assets amounted to JD4.9 million of which JD2.2 million were cash in hand and at banks. Shareholders equity totalled JD4.9 million at the end of last year.

Board Chairman Nader Dahabi told the shareholders that the company's management implemented the plan drawn by the sen for the duty free shops which were equipped and furnished. He said the company rented warehouses at the free zone of the Queen Alia International Airport to store goods.

Dahabi detailed the activities of the company by mentioning that the company's general management moved to the permanent headquarters in June /1998 and that the warehouses were also moved to the permanent site. The Amman Duty Free Shop relocated from the Seventh Circle area to the headquarters building and was officially opened in October 1998, he said.

During 1998, the Company opened four duty free shops at the King Hussein Bridge, Jaber, Wadi Araba and Karameh. The duty free shop at the Jordan Valley was relocated to the permenent site at the northern crossing.

Outling future plans, the chairman told the shareholders that the company was readying the duty free shops at Ramtha and at the passengers depot/Aqaba Port to be officially opened in the first half of 1999. A duty free shop at the Aqaba port will be opened before June 1999 to serve the crew of vessels docking at Agaba, Dahabi said. He revealed that studies are being conducted to set up a duty free shop inside the city of Aqaba after transferring it into a free port.

"Agreements will be signed with the Public Security Directorate to give the company concerssions to place advertisement billboards at all land border posts for five years," the chairman concluded.

They doubt everything,' said Sha'ban Gazans, Israelis eager to deepen business ties

'The Israelis need to get rid of their security hallucinations.

GAZA (R) -Palestinian officials on both sides niences both sides were because it will be easier inconveniences entrepreneur Mahmoud Jabar has a solution for how to ignite the stalled Arab-Israeli peace process: Let the industrialists do the talking.

"Palestinian and Israeli businessmen have been enjoying an atmosphere of trust and cooperation for 30 years and we dislike it when damage this atmos-phere," said labar outside a textile factory on a dusty street in the Beit Hanoun industrial park.

During a recent tour of Gaza-based factories, Israeli and Arab businesspeople Jabar, saying that despite political problems and inconve-

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working to deepen economic ties.

"A year ago I don't think we would have had this response," said Sarah Kreimer, codirector of the Centre for Jewish-Arab Economic Development, speaking of the 30 Israelis she had invited on the tour.

"Businesspeople have decided to take things into their own hands and not to wait for politicians to make deci-

sions." she added. For the Israelis, Gaza represents a market of one million people, an abundant source of cheap labour and an outlet to neighbouring Arab

countries.
For the Palestinians. an influx of new factories would mean a partial cure for chronically high unemployment, now a staggering 30-40 per cent in Gaza, a strip of land wedged between Israel, Egypt and the Mediterranean Sea. Some 30 Israeli textile

companies currently trade and sub-contract in Gaza, and joint ventures are starting to sprout.

"We decided to go for Zakaria Sha'ban said he think tha a joint venture in Karni had to endure a host of risk, too."

for us to have our entire facility under one roof." said Julio Bocian, referring to the Gaza industrial estate at the Karni border crossing. For more than 20 years

his company. Embi Jeans, has been sub-contracting sewing to Gazan factories, while designing and conducting quality control in

Israeli and Palestinian industrialists are also planning a high-tech industrial estate at Rafah, on the Egyptian border.

Building should begin in early 2000, one offi-

cial said. While the wellequipped industrial

estates are designed to help facilitate security clearances and the transfer of goods, industrialists said business between Israel and Gaza would really blossom if the Israeli government took steps to make mutual economic concerns a priority.

Standing outside his fabric manufacturing and dyeing factory, Zakaria Sha'ban said he

import threads and fabries.

He said that in the absence of a port in Gaza, all his imports came through Israel's Ashdod port, where officials claiming security concerns took their time processing his goods.

Sha'ban said he had already waited 15 days to clear six containers from Turkey, paying a fee of \$50 a day per container.

"The Israelis need to get rid of their security hallucinations. They doubt everything," said Sha'ban.

Israelis said real security concerns did exist, but that more could be done to expedite trade without sacrificing safe-

"If the goal of the Israelis was to move things along quickly, they could facilitate trade," Kreimer said. "Right now the policy is driven by security concerns, but not allowing 30 per cent of the people to work (keeps) them poor and desperate. I think that's a security

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, APRIL 18, 1999

By Linda C. Black, Tribune Media Services, Inc.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You may find it difficult to achieve your objective directly today. You may have to take the long way around, and you might have to get a friend or two to help. You're not used to playing the game this way, so you may not know how to do this at first. It's simple. Just ask somebody else to get what you need and bring it to you. You'll have it, once you get the knack.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Your framework should be pretty well set in place by now. You have probably figured out what you d like to make happen, and you've got a pretty good idea of how to go about it. Tomorrow and today are both good for making decisions, but first you need to know all the facts, and get really clear about your objective. Once you decide, this is how things will be for quite a while. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You

enough money to do what you want, but don't worry about it. You can learn how to make it. If you're just wandering around in the dark, of course, you don't see the relationship between what you do and how much money you get. But there is one, and you can figure out how to become wealthy, just like anybody else who's ever done it.

CANCER: (June 22 to July 22) Looks like you've got a big purchasing decision coming up, and this is not one you want to rush into. You want to think this out carefully. Consider all your options. Do a little shopping, but don't buy yet. Wait until tomorrow to put your money down. Right now you need to gather more information.

LEO: (July 23 to August 22) You're getting stronger today, as the moon goes into your sign. It may not be all that helpful, however. It's just making it harder for you to go along with what somebody else wants, and that may be what you have to do right now. You'd rather be the leader, of course, but it looks like that's unlikely. Don't put up too much of a fuss. It would be a waste of effort.

VIRGO: (August 23 to September 22) You're a person who likes a routine, and today you should be able to establish one. Looks like the other players on your team want to do the same. They may not know quite how, but you can see what needs to be done. You don't normally stand up and shout, but today it might be necessary. You've got the right answers, but they're doing all the talking!

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Your friends are the key to your success today, and working with a team is a way to achieve your goals. There are still a couple of tough obstacles that need to be overcome, but face it. You're not going to be able to do it all by yourself. Luckily, you don't have to. Don't expect to get them all handled today, by the way. It'll take a little longer than that.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) It'll be kind of hard to make changes today, much easier to stay with an established routine. If you're building the routine right now, you want to go ahead and put in the corrections. The things that don't work will stick out like a sore thumb, so this should be easy. Don't be upset if you don't accomplish quite as much as you'd hoped.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You've just about had it with being stuck inside four walls, if that's what your job requires. You're ready to take off on new expeditions. If you can get started early tonight, fine, although your best bet is to go tomorrow and get home Saturday or Sunday. But you can do the planning now. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 19) You can get

something really nice for your place if you can just get somebody to help you with the cost. This could be a lending agency, by the way. It doesn't have to be another person. Think carefully before taking out a loan, but don't dismiss the idea out of

AQUARIUS: (January 20 to February 18) There have been several changes in the last couple of days, but the pace is going to slow down. You're going to get into a bit of a routine, starting soon, so take care. You want this schedule to work for you. as well as for everyone else, so if you can see that it's not going to work for you, don't just sit there. Speak out.

PISCES: (February 19 to March 20) Stick to the routine at work today, even if it looks like it's undergoing a few changes. You can offer your suggestions, but don't expect them to be accepted right off the bat. People will want to think about everything for a while before making any choices, and that's not a bad idea. You probably ought to do that too.

Birthstone of April: Diamond — Amethyst

searching for exotic dancers

MIAMI (R) - The state of

Florida is advertising for

"exotic dancers" willing to work nights, 40 hours a week, for \$11 an hour. In the same way it searches for candidates for other tough-to-fill jobs, Florida is searching for strippers after the small town of Stuart told state officials it had so much trouble finding dancers it wanted to import foreign workers. But under the U.S. Alien Labour Certification Programme, which is designed to protect American workers, Florida must first search locally for job candidates before employers

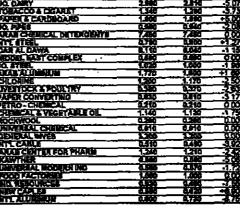
"Exotic dancer 40 hrs per week, 7pm-3am" reads the ad placed in the Palm Beach Post. Job requirements include: "four years experience in the job offered. Perform modern and acrobatic dances, coordinating body movements to accompaniment. musical Choreographs own dance movements." "Send resume to Dept. of Labour/Bureau of Workforce Programme Support."

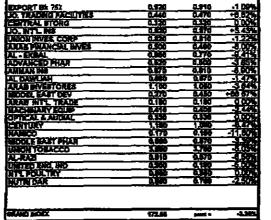
Florida

are allowed to import foreigners. So, in the case of the East

Florida Nightclub, the state

took out a help-wanted ad.





Lebanon's Middle East Airlines cut '98 costs but still in the red

Lebanese flag carrier ing atmosphere." he Middle East Airlines said. (MEA) said on Thursday it had cut operating costs 28.2 per cent but would still post a loss for 1998 because of the government's aviation

Jean-Eudes Rabut told a news conference the board, appointed a year ago, had shrunk costs to \$167.9 million in the year ending March 31, 1999 from \$233.8 million in 1997/98 by scaling back the fleet, cancelling routes and increasing flight frequency and hours.

But he said the government's "open skies" policy allowing foreign airlines unlimited access to Beirut airport cost the firm \$25.9 million in the last year and would continue to cut income unless reversed. In 1997. MEA made an \$87 million loss and it estimated it will post a \$62 million loss for 1998.

"The first year of our business plan succeeded despite all the challenges we are facing, the open skies policy and the unfavourable operat-

"MEA has potential, the network has potential but we need the government's help to stop open skies. I have yet to see a country where this policy has been applied MEA General Manager in such a vicious and haphazard way," Rabut

added. Rabut, a Frenchman who has decided to leave the troubled carrier this year, explained the operating costs excluded the expense of MEA's headquarters and maintenance in Beirut. Lebanon implemented

the "open skies" policy three years ago, hoping to boost tourism and make Beirut a regional Rabut said the airline

loses up to \$20 million and 70,000 passengers per year due to "open "We are still suffering

from having to go through 15 years of conflict." he said, referring to Lebanon's devastating 1975-1990 civil war. "We can't be expected to

MEĂ executives have previously said a bloated workforce of 4,500 employees serving nine aircraft, corruption and bad relations between the pilots and the management have augmented the losses.

Transport Minister Najib Mikati has said the government pays more than \$6 million a month to keep the airline to make employees redundant, citing social reasons.

The government has floated the idea of privatisation but some MEA officials say no one would buy the firm without state pledges to

help restructuring.
Rabut hoped MEA will see better days after an alliance with Air France takes effect in June. The deal, struck last year. should increase flights and passenger volume to Canada, the United States, South America, Europe and France.

"Big is beautiful. The only way we can hope to run a race when we are compete is by teaming still recovering. We up, he said.

Amra Forum Hotel

Shops, Amman

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Kiefer to face Ferreira in Japan Open final

Jonas Bjorkman at the Japan Open tennis tournament on Saturday to set up a finals meeting with Wayne Ferreira who earlier breezed past Thomas Johansson for his first Bjorkman on the second finals berth in more than

two years. Kiefer needed two hours six minutes to fend off Bjorkman's chip-andcharge tactics in the final set to score a 4-6, 6-1, 6-4

TOKYO (AFP) - Nicolas said Kiefer, after a turn-Kiefer clawed back against around in his luck against opponents from that coun-

> year in Hamburg, I lost to (Thomas) Enquist on the first day, I lost to

day." "Yesterday, Enquist and today I beat Bjorkman, so it would have been better if Johansson is in the final, but I have to play Ferreira. victory against the Swede.
"I had prefered to play a Swedish player tomorrow,"

Swedish player tomorrow,"

Swedish player tomorrow,"

Sur have to play a to play to pl

Bjorkman, who shocked former Wimbledon champion Richard Krajicek of the Netherlands by defeat-"In the Davis Cup last ing him Friday, hit a service return winner at 15-40 to break the third game of the final set.

But Kiefer immediately broke back for 2-3 and went on to pulverise Bjorkman's serve-and-volley game in the eighth before serving out for the

"I played a couple of times against him." Kiefer said. "We have both almost the same game, both return



Contract the second of the sec

South African tennis player Wayne Ferreira returns the ball against Thomas Johansson of Sweden during their semifinal match in the Japan Open tennis tournament in Tokyo. Seventh-seeded Ferreira defeated fourth-seeded Johansson 6-3, 6-2

very good, both serve very good, and play from the baseline and sometimes come in.

"I knew there would be many breaks and I'm happy that I won this match. I tried to do everything. When it was important. I served very good." he added.

Ferreira secured a finals berth for the first time since Toronto in August 1996 by beating fourth seed Johansson of Sweden 6-3, 6-2,

Ferreira said he hoped to

mark the end of injuryplagued years during which he had surgery to his right knee three years ago and to his right ankle he twisted twice in the French

Open in 1997 and 1998. "Right now, being in the finals for the first time in over two years and a half. it's a great feeling. I'd like to win too. It'll be the best solution," said the 27-year-

"I played the Davis Cup two weeks ago. I had two very, very tough matches which I won. I think get-

ting these two matches helped me a lot to boost my confidence. That is, I guess, all I needed."

Japanese ace Sugiyama moved to within a match of winning the women's singles title for a third year running, although she struggled to heat American Jane Chi 7-6 (8/6), 6-3.

In the final, Sugiyama will play second-seeded Amy Frazier, who edged fellow American past Corina Morariu 6-4, 5-7, 6-

LOCAL SPORTS SCENE



Swimming team leaves for Arab shortcourse event

AMMAN - Arab Swimming Federation (ASF) Secretary General Tal'at Nasser will leave for Carro on Sunday to represent Jordan at the union's general assembly and the ASF board meetings which will be attended by the federations of Morocco, Aigena. Tunisia, Egypt. Libya, Sudan, Lebation, Palestine, UAE, and Iraq. During the meetings, the ASF permanent headquarters is expected to be moved to Amman. The meeting comes ahead of the First Arab Youth Shortcourse Swimming Championship, which will be organised by the ASF in Cairo from 20-23 April. Jordan's junior swimming team, which will participate in the event as part of preparations for the 9th Pan-Arab Games - Al Hussein Tournament, is expected to achieve good results and set new records at the short-

Sunderland secure English 1st division title

LONDON (AFP) - Sunderland earned the English litst division title on Friday with a 3-1 victory at Barnsley following goals from Nicky Summerbee, Lee Clark and Kevin Phillips.

Sunderland had already guaranteed their place in the Premiership for next season following Tuesday night's 5-2 hammering of Bury at Gigg Lane.

Now they were hoping to avenge their only league defeat at the Stadium of Light this term and make certain of the title with a win over Barnsley.

They set about their task in perfect fashion as Summerbee beat keeper Tony Bullock just a minute before the break with a low shot under the advancing

The second goal came in the 63rd minute as Chark run on to Kevin Ball's pass, with Bullock again beaten by a low side-foot shot as he came out to block.

In the 86th minute, Mike Sheron scored from Crane Highett's corner to give Barnsley hope of securing a

Phillips crowned Sunderland's victory, however, with a brilliant-goal, cutting inside before curling his shot past Bullock from 20 yards.

Manchester United gain four-point lead

Japanese tennis player Ai Sugiyama stretches to return a ball from Jane Chi of the

U.S. during their semi-final match in the Japan Open tennis tournament in Tokyo.

Top-seeded Sugiyama defeated seventh-seeded Chi 7-6 (8/6), 6-3 (AFP photo)

LONDON (AFP) — Manchester United went four points clear at the top of the Premiership on Saturday as they strolled to a 3-0 victory over Sheffield on Wednesday at Old Trafford.

United boss Ferguson, with an eye on the European Cup semifinal second leg with Juventus next week, again rested strike pair Dwight Yorke and Andy Cole, who were left out of the starting line-up for the epic mid-week FA Cup semifinal replay win over Arsenal.

United's strike rate was hardly disrupted as standins Teddy Sheringham and Ole Gunnar Solskjaer filled in admirably, grabbing a goal apiece before the break. It was Sheringham's 250th goal in league football.

Paul Scholes hit a third in the 62nd minute to seal the match and Ferguson immediately took off both Jaap Stam and Roy Keane to presumably rest them for the Juventus game.

Second-placed Chelsea have a chance to reduce the deficit with their home match against Leicester City on Monday, and Arsenal, in third spot also four points _ behind Manchester United, host Wimbledon on Monday. When Steffen Iversen



Newcastle United's English international striker Alan Shearer has his penalty saved by Everton goalkeeper Thomas Myhr, during their FA Premiership clash at St. James' Park (AFP photo)

scored for Tottenham at Nottingham Forest in the 62nd minute to lead 1-0, Forest were set for possible relegation should Charlton and Blackburn have both

Southampton's Marians Pahars then equalized for Blackburn with just five minutes to go for a 3-3 draw at the Dell to earn Forest a reprieve. As it happened Charlton could only draw with fourth-placed Leeds who failed to gain much ground on the leading three clubs. Jamie Stuart scored for

Charlton Athletic in the 20th minute and Jonathan Woodgate equalised for Leeds four minutes later. Everton's Kevin Campbell had a high pro-file game in their 3-1 victo-

ry against Newcastle. In fact he scored the fastest goal of the day at Goodison Park to give relegation-haunted Everton a flying start with a goal after just 42 seconds.

Campbell then scored a

second goal a minute before half-time before Alan Shearer pulled a goal back for Newcastle. Scot Gemmil scored a third for Everton two minutes from

West Ham United beat

Derby a mammoth 5-1 with goals from Paolo Di Canio Eyal Berkovic, Ian Wright, Neil Ruddock and Trevor Sinclair, but remain in sixth spot, one place below that needed for a UEFA Cup place, as fifth-placed Aston Villa won 1-0 at Liverpool through an Ian Taylor goal.

Coventry City are still in danger of relegation as they fell 2-1 against Middlesbrough.

Mauresmo takes revenge in Fed Cup

MOSCOW (AFP) Amelie Mauresmo took just 71 minutes to take her revenge on Russia's Elena Likhovtseva who beat her last month at Championships in Key Biscayne by winning her match in the World

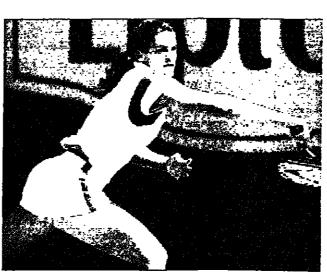
Group first round of the Fed Cup here on Saturday.

In front of a partisan Russian crowd, the 19-year-old French player won in straight sets 6-2 won in straight sets 6-2. 6-2 to give France their first point of the tie. "A first win in the Fed

Cup, it's something special." said Mauresmo following the game. "I hope this is the beginning of a winning streak. I felt comfortable during the match, but I was a second control of the match. the match, but I wasn't very consistent in my

service.
"Likhovtseva beat me in three sets at Key Biscayne, but since then things have changed. I was more prepared mentally and physically and I think Elena didn't play as well."

Mauresmo. classed 14th in the world and runner-up in the Australian showed more power then during her previous



Amelie Mauresmo

Likhovtseva and clearly dominated with a strong

Likhovtseva had chance to come back in down to Mauresmo-saved four set points to come back 2-5. However, she missed

the opportunity to make it 3-5 and the French player took the set in 36 minutes.

"Mauresmo played well," Likhoytseva conceded after the game. "I was very nervous before the match and made a lot of faults at the start.
Psychologically, I think
that being No. I tin the
absence of Anna
Kournikova; had a negative effect."

In the next encounter, World No. 11 Nathalie Tauziat of France is favourite the first set and 0-5 Russia's Tatiana Panova.

Australia blitz favourites Austria

KLAGENFURT, Austria (AFP) — Australia raced to a two match lead in their FedCup World Group II first round tie against Austria here on

Australia's 16-year-old prodigy Jelena Dokic, ranked 206 in the world. saw off Austrian Barbara Schett 6-3, 5-

The world's best junior player Dokic played a faultless game and over-whelmed Schett who made a series of faults during 100 minutes of play. Schett blamed her lack of preparation-on clay for her poor showing. "I wasn't properly prepared, my shots weren't long enough and I could-n't reach the lines," she said. The Austrians now face a weights

7, 6-4, while team-mate Alicia Molik, ranked 101, beat Austria's Sylvia Plischke 5-7, 6-1, 7-5.
World No. 19 Schett and Plischke, ranked 39, were the pre-match to qualify for the World Group I.



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World Youth Cup Flight chaos hits Brazil plans

LAGOS (R) — Brazil may still be recovering from the effects of a tumultuous trip to Lagos when they face Uruguay in Sunday's World Youth Cup quarterfinal.

The players have been unable to train properly because of the difficulties in getting a flight from Calabar, where they beat Croatia 4-0 in their second round game on Wednesday.

Coach Joao Carlos Costa said the special charter flight which was supposed to take them to Lagos was cancelled on Thursday and then again on Friday, forcing them to catch a local commercial flight and shorten training sessions.

"When we got to the airport, there was a multitude trying to embark, plus the two delegations," he told Reuters. "There was a pile of bags which they were throwing into the hold, it was amazing."

"Finally we got on the plane, but they shut the door before my supervisor could board. He was left on the runway. He eventually got on after a Nigerian official agree to get

"For the two days, the Croatian and Brazilian coaches were going between the hotel and airport in a convoy." Brazil have overcome a 2-0 defeat by Spain in their opening match to become one of the title favourites, having hammered in 12 goals on their way to winning their subsequent three games.

This is despite an almost total lack of preparation for the competition. Costa inherited his 18-man squad from

predecessor Toninho Barroso, who resigned for personal reasons on the eve of the tournament.

'We only had the squad together for five days before leaving Brazil and even then only 10 players turned up because their clubs wanted them for championship matches," he said.

Striker Fernando Baiano and right-back Indio found themselves in the middle of political disturbances in Paraguay, where their club side Corinthians played two matches in the south American Libertadores Cup in the week of the troubles.

The team arrived hours after Paraguay's vice-president had been assassinated and their matches in Asuncion went ahead despite riots in the city.

Costa has also been trying, in vain, to fend off agents. "I've heard that there have been a couple

of attempted deals," he said. "I tell to the players that they should con-

centrate on the championship, that if they do well here things will happen of their own accord afterwards. But the hotels are open to the public and we can't stop people phoning or talking to the players."

The other three quarter-finals on Sunday see Nigeria playing Mali in Enugu, Ghana meeting Spain in Kaduna and Mexico, who eliminated champions Argentina, playing

Gretzky confirms retirement

NEW YORK (AFP) - Ice hockey great Wayne Gretzky confirmed Friday that he will retire at the close of the National Hockey League season on Sunday.

The game's all-time leading scorer with a career total of 1,072 goals, Gretzky was firm in his resolve as he announced the news that hockey fans have dreaded at Madison Square Garden.

"To me, this is a party, this is a celebration. I hope everyone understands that I look on it that way," said Gretzky, although the catch in his voice made clear the emotion of the

"It's obvious that today I've officially retired.

As he struggled to keep his composure, Gretzky ioked: "I should take my

own advice. Reports of Gretzky's impending retirement had gained in force as the end

of the season neared. On Thursday night he said it would take a miracle for the New York Rangers' ownership to talk

him into staying when they met on Friday morning. Those remarks followed the Rangers' 2-2 tie against the Ottawa Senators in Ottawa, where Gretzky took the ice for the last

time in his native Canada. With his father, wife and children in attendance, Gretzky was called back for several curtain calls as fans chanted "one more

year, one more year." But No. 99 couldn't be persuaded. The 38-yearold Gretzky will end his legendary 20-year NHL career when the Rangers the Pittsburgh

Player. Penguins on Sunday.
"I love the game, I love to play. Whether it's now or next year, I'm always going to miss the National Hockey League," Gretzky said. "It's going to be tough for me, but the chalgames in the NHL and the lenge and change I look defunct World Hockey Association.

lar-season and playoff

became the all-time leading goal-scorer in bockey history, moving past boyhood idol Gordie Howe. The record includes regu-

By scoring his 1,072nd goal on March 29, Gretzky

An emotional New York Rangers hockey player Wayne

Gretzky pauses during his retirement announcement at

Madison Square Garden in New York, NY. Gretzky

missed 12 games with a statistics pale in comparineck injury. New York has son to his role as an ambas-

sador for the game.

"He's meant so much to

this game because both of

what he's done on the ice.

which I think is incompa-

rable for any athlete in any

sport, and what he's done

off the ice," NHL commis-

sioner Gary Bettman said.

by Edmonton to the Los

Angeles Kings on Aug. 9,

1988 in a trade that rocked

the sports world, his pres-

ence on the West Coast

paved the way for the addi-

tion of the San Jose Sharks

and Mighty Ducks of

Anaheim.

After Gretzky was dealt

will play his final game Sunday (AFP photo)

been a disappointment and

will miss the playoffs for

Despite playing injured

for much of the season,

Gretzky leads the Rangers

with 61 points on nine

goals and 52 assists in 69

He is the NHL's all-time

leading scorer with 2,856

points and his 894 goals

and 1,962 assists also are

NHL records. Gretzky also

holds playoff marks with

122 goals, 260 assists and

Gretzky has won nine

Hart Trophies as the

league's Most Valuable

games.

382 points.

the second year in a row.

now. Now there are 27

The westward expansion was just the first stage in the NHL's development into a truly national league. before The season Gretzky joined the NHL (1979-80), there were 21 teams, 18 of which were in the same cities they are

teams, and by 2000-01

Attendance has risen from

8.4 million to 18.7 million.

be 30.

there will

NEW YORK

Munich beat Frankfurt for Champions League

BONN (AFP) - Bayern Munich beat Eintracht Frankfurt 3-1 on Friday to move 13 points clear in the Bundesliga and give them a boost of confidence before their European Champions League match Wednesday.

booster

Bosnian striker Hasan Salihamidzic found the net in the 26th minute, Alexander Zickler scored eight minutes later and midfielder Thomas Strunz hit the third for Bayern in the 72nd minute with a lob.

Before any goal had been scored, Munich's Stefan Effenberg missed a penalty for a foul on Carsten Jancker.

In snowy conditions, it was a result coach Ottmar Hitzfeld wanted after three goalless draws and a defeat in their last four matches in both league and Champions League. Their 2-1 defeat at Kaiserslautern on Tuesday was Bayern's first loss since November

Bayern had both sweeper Lothar Matthaus and Effenberg back from injury which is good news for their Champions League semi-final, second leg against Dynamo Kiev. They drew the first match in the Ukraine 3-3.

However France's Bixente Lizarazu, Brazilian Giovane Elber, keeper Oliver Kahn, defender Michael Tarnat were all out injured and Ghana's Samuel Kuffour was suspended.

Mario Basler Salihamidzic, who, making the most of a defensive error, headed home for the first goal. Zickler controlled the ball well with his chest before coolly scoring for the second, and Strunz's delicate lob for the third was impressive as his shot was from outside the

off Hitzfeld took Matthaus after an hour, presumably to keep him fresh for Wednesday. Lizarazu and Elber apart, Munich are expected to be at full-strength against

Kiev. Norway's Jan Aage Fjoertoft made the most of the absence of Matthaus to score a goal for Frankfurt 10 minutes from time.

Second-placed Bayer Leverkusen host bottom-Borussia

Monchengladbach Saturday and a win would help their hopes for direct entry into next year's Champions League following the 2-1 loss of thirdplaced Kaiserslautern at Hansa Rostock on Friday.

Morocco's Alami defeats Martin to reach Barcelona final

BARCELONA (AP) Unseeded Moroccan Karim Alami overcame defending champion Todd Martin of the United States in the semifinals of the Open Seat Conde de Godo, confirming his status as the surprise of the \$950,000 tournament.

Alami took one hour and seven minutes to defeat Martin 6-3, 6-4, serving seven aces and keeping World's No. 8 constantly on the defensive. Moroccan, ranked 83rd in the world, is now due to Spaniard Felix Mantilla in Sunday's final his first ever in a big

tournament. 10th-seeded Mantilla won his semifinal against fellow countryman Francisco Clavet earlier saturday 6-3, 6-2. "I'm disappointed that I didn't play better today," said Martin after losing to Alami but winning \$37,500 for reaching the semifinals.

"My serve was my best weapon today, it was working particularly well and you need that against martin." Alami said. Alami added that he wasn't worried about playing Barcelona-native Mantilla in front of that player's home crowd.

"I'm sure the public will be for Felix, but I like that, it makes me more motivated...I'll have to be playing at the top of my game," he

The earlier semifinal was marked by long exchanges



Moroccan Karim Alami hits a forehand during his semi-final match against U.S. Todd Martin at the Barcelona Open. Alami won 6-3, 6-4 (AFP photo)

of ground strokes lasted one baseline game. Mantilla, hour and 19 minutes, with ranked 19th in the world, 24-year-old Mantilla displaying a powerful serve and a practically faultless

said he was excited about playing the finals in front of family and friends.

"Since I was a little boy I've been dreaming of being in the finals here. It would be an even greater dream to

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	Atlantic Division
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Orlando .	28 11 .718 _
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Washington	15 23 .395 12 1-2
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New Jersey	10 28 .263 17 1-2

Central Division

Indiana	26 13 .667 _
Milwaukee	22 16 .579 3 1-2
Atlanta	23 17 .575 3 1-2
Detroit	22 17 .564 4
Cleveland	20 18 .526 5 1-2
Toronto	18 19 .486 7
Charlotte	17 20 .459 8
Chicago	10 29 .256 16
_	

Western Conference Midwest Division

20 0 700

A-Utan	JU 8 ./09 _
San Antonio	26 12 .684 4
Houston	26 13 .667 4 1-2
Minnesota	21 19 .525 10
Dallas	13 25 .342 17
Denver	12 28 .300 19
Vancouver	7 32 .179 23 1-2

Pacific Division

X-Portland	29 9 .763 _
LA Lakers	25 15 .625 5
Seattle	19 19 .500 10
Phoenix	19 20 .487 10 1-2
Golden State	17 21 .447 12
Sacramento	17 22 .436 12 1-2
LA Clippers	6 32 .158 23
X-Clinched playoff	berth
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ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q 1 - As South, vulnerable, you

A - There are two conflicting ideas here. One is that, when responding, you should not suppress a good four-card major. The other is that,

no trump. We prefer the latter, espe-cially since, facing a five-card heart suit, chances of finding partner with a four-card spade suit as well are

Q 2 - Both vulnerable, as South you hold: ▲K42 €6 0 A65 + AJ10753

The bidding has proceeded:
NORTH EAST SOUTH
10 Pass 24 Pass
20 Pass ?
What do you bid now?

A - No tebid is perfect. The one bid that is barred is three clubs — that shows a minimum two-over-one inteller that action. It is a question of whether you should make the fourthaut foreing rebid of two spades or show the spade stopper by bidding two to trump, which is what we recommend. If this action is not forcing in your methods, so much the better since the hands might not be fitting well.

Q 3 - Both vulnerable, as South you hald:

4KJ9762 ♥ Q2 & AJ876 ± Void The bidding has proceeded:
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
10 Pass 14 Pass
20 Pass ? What do you bid now?

A - Partner's rebid on this auction A - Partner's rebid on this auction promises a six-card sailt, so you cannot stop short of game in the known eight-card fit. However, we would go about our business of describing the hand further by bidding three diamonds --- slam possibilities still exist.

Q 4 - Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

A A J 94 \heartsuit 632 o A K 9 + A 169
Partner opens the hidding with one heart. What do you respond?

A Q J 8 42 \heartsuit K J 86 o A 9 + 5
The bidding has proceeded:
SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST

What do you bid now? sible. As a practical matter, however, forget about atopia and simply jump to four spades. Even that contact could be in jeopardy if partner has the 'wrong' cards.

▲ A K 10765 ♡ K Q 96 0 K Q 3 + Void

A - The choice is between two bids
— a jump to three spades or three
hearts. The leap to three spades is
limited and can be passed, while
three hearts is game forcing. Since
three spades might be passed when
slam in hearts can be made (partner
has a singleton spade, ace-fifth in

has a singleton spade, ace-fifth in hearts and jack of diamonds) the choice is clear Jump to three hearts. Q 6 - Both vulnerable, as South you

+AKQ7 = 185 +86 +AK42

The bidding has proceeded SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST 14 Pass 34 Pass 44 Pass *invitational, not forcing What action do you take.

- You have a six-loser hand and you can expect partner to cover no more than three of those, so five clubs does not rate to make. However, your spade stilt is certainly the equivalent of a five-card sun, so we recommend the bid Arthur Robinson made in the 1964 World Bridge Olympiad — four spades! Partner held three spades to the jack, and 10 tricks rolled in

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Explosion in London injures 22

LONDON (AFP) — Twenty- Accounts from eyewitnesses bag and a little boy picked it two people, including a suggest the device was a up and moved it," he said. policeman, were injured in an explosion in a packed market street in south London on Saturday, a London Fire Brigade spokesman said.

A spokesman for London police headquarters at Scotland Yard said "explosive officers, a police helicopter and all the emergency services" were at the scene outside an Iceland supermarket in

He said some people were seriously injured, adding there were "no faralities believed, but that is unconfirmed."

There was no warning given for the explosion, he said, which occurred just before 5:30 p.m. (1630 GMT) on the area's main market day.

home-made nail bomb. Police sources said the explosion was not believed linked to Northern Ireland paramilitary groups.

A spokesman for the London Fire Brigade said it was a "major incident" and put the injury toll at 22. Officers cleared the area

because of suspicions of a second device. Eyewitness Michael

Christie, 16, who works on a fruit and vegetable stall in Brixton market, said the suspected bomb had been placed in a blue sports bag and placed between two other market stalls.

"A tall man with blond hair said there was a bomb in the Straight after that it went

The boy suffered only minor injuries to his foot where a nail embedded in it,

Another witness David Gledhill said: 'There was a huge explosion. Most of us thought it was thunder, but it was a very, very loud bang. Glass was blown all over the

Gledhill, editor of a regional newspaper, The Bath Chronicle, continued: "After it went off, there was an awful lot of people lying flat on the

"It is a very busy area and it was absolutely packed before the explosion.

Thomas said a friend who is a nurse had reported that many of the injured had been hit by

"A friend of mine who is a nurse tried to help patch up the worst. There was a bloke with a nail stuck in his head and another with a nail in his

lung.
"It was like a sonic boom. There was a flash and then this sonic boom which vibrated everything and then the smoke started billowing out from near the market, where people were doing their shop-

who could put a nail bomb there, where there was all those people just doing their shopping? It is just beyond

ARCHERY COMPETITION IN JAPAN: An archer on a galloping horseback draws his bow before shooting at a target during a demonstration of ancient Japanese archery in downtown Tokyo on Saturday. The competition, initiated by samurai warriors dating in 1192, is still organised by historic preservation groups across the country to demonstrate the ancient sport (AP photo)

NEWS IN BRIEF

Israeli warplanes hit Hizbollah sites

TYRE (AFP) — Israeli warplanes bombarded a strong-hold of the Shiite Muslim Hizbollah close to the Israelioccupied buffer zone in southern Lebanon on Saturday following an earlier attack by the militia. police said. Israeli jets fired four missiles near the village of Zibqin at around 6:30 p.m. (1530 GMT), they said. The raid came following an earlier attack claimed by the Hizbollah on the Israeli military post of Blatt. Security sources said eight mortar rounds fell around the Israeli post. There was no word of casualties from either attack.

LAA set to resume service

TRIPOLI (AFP) - Libyan Arab Airlines (LAA) on Saturday invited passengers to begin booking seats as it resumes normal international service this week following the suspension of a seven-year embargo on Tripoli. LAA "invites passengers to contact our offices about international flights that will resume on April 22." the state-owned carrier said in a statement. Jordanian officials said Thursday that an LAA commercial flight had arrived in Amman the day before, but added the flight was carrying only aviation and airline officials. The U.N. air and arms embargo was suspended earlier this month following the handover of two Libyan suspects in the 1988 bombing of a U.S. airliner over Lockerbie, Scotland, that killed 270 people. The economic and diplomatic sanctions included a ban on air travel to and from Libva as well as the delivery of aeroplanes and their spare parts to the Libyans. Only domestic flights were permitted. The ban cost LAA some \$3 billion, according

Iran slams Algerian army over polls

TEHRAN (R) - Iran's state radio on Saturday blasted Algeria's presidential elections as a failed attempt by the country's ruling military to gain political legitimacy and defeat Islamist opponents. "Thursday's election was a coup de grace to the military's seven-year effort to gain support among the people and to isolate Islamic opposition figures and groups," Tehran Radio said in a commentary, "The military-backed government is now totally under question for its inability to allow an election with a minimum of freedom," the radio said. Abdulaziz Bouteflika, a candidate backed by the military, took 74 per cent of the vote in the poll marked by low turnout. The people's chilly response to the elections showed that the Muslim and revolutionary Algerian nation, which has given a million martyrs for its freedom and independence, is not willing to submit to military dictatorship," the radio said. Algeria, which has accused Iran of backing the Islamist militants, cut diplomatic ties with Tehran in 1993. Iran denies the charges.

Turk troops kill 11 PKK rebels

TURKEY (R) - Turkish troops on Saturday killed 11 Kurdish guerrillas, bringing to 38 the toll in a clashes in eastern Turkey since six soldiers died in an ambush on Friday, military officials said. Authorities said extra security measures were in force against possible PKK attacks during parliamentary and local elections being held on Sunday. The six dead soldiers were among a unit returning to base near the village of Aktuluk, about 20 km west of the town of Tunceli, when it was attacked by guerrillas loyal to captured Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) leader Abdullah Ocalan. The military responded by launching an operation backed by U.S.-built Super Cobra strike helicopters to hunt down the guerrillas in a heavily wooded mountainous area near the scene of the ambush, the military officials said. An officer said the clash with the PKK group, now numbering around 30, was continuing. The size of the military force opposing the guerrillas was put at about 3,000. The dead rebels included Emrullah Mentes, a leading regional commander of the PKK in Tunceli, officials said.

50,000 protest for Ocalan's release

BONN (AFP) - More than 50,000 people demonstrated in Bonn on Saturday calling for peace for the Kurds and the release of Kurdish rebel leader Abdullah Ocalan, police said. Three separate groups of demonstrators shouting "Freedom for Ocalan" and "German tanks out of Kurdistan" converged on a park where a rally was scheduled later in the day. Hundreds of police reinforcements had been called in to ensure security during the demonstration. Organisers said they were hoping that 80,000 people would attend the rally, called ahead of legislative and municipal elections in Turkey. Ocalan is in custody on the Turkish prison island of Imrali.

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Turk PM urges vote for stability in Sunday polls

ISTANBUL (R) - Prime the elections, veteran leftist Minister Bulent Ecevit urged the Turkish public on Saturday to vote into power a stable govemment, capable of delivering sorely needed economic reforms after Sunday's elec-

As he addressed a crowd of supporters in Turkey's com-mercial capital Istanbul, rival party leaders put the final touches to their poll campaigns in towns across the country.

"I am asking you to vote in the election for stability and reliability. Turkey needs economic and political stability," Ecevit told an enthusiastic rally of his Democratic Left Party (DSP) on the Asian shores of continent-straddling Istanbul.

"Ecevit for prime minister," chanted a crowd of several thousand, amid a sea of blue flags bearing the party's white dove emblem.

A similarly large crowd turned out in the central Anatolian town of Kayseri to pledge support for the Islamist Virtue Party.

The two parties are seen as front-runners, but the prospect up to six parties entering parliament under Turkey's complex proportional-representation voting system has spread fears of a coalition too weak to implement crucial reform of the economy.

"Stability or crisis," said a banner headline in the Radikal daily newspaper, warning that a fractious parliament could fuel Turkey's problem of chronic high inflation.

You will not have the right to turn back for some five years if you do not make the right decision in these precious hours." said Bekir Coskun, a columnist in the Hurriyet daily.

Political analysts have said it may take as many as four parties to forge a coalition, leaving a question mark over banking. social security and agricultural reforms sought by the International Monetary Fund for financial support to Turkey. Although publishing opinion

polls has been banned ahead of

Ecevit is tipped as the contender to lead the pack, boosted by the capture of the country's public enemy number one, Kurdish rebel chief Abdullah Ocalan. Ocalan's imminent trial on

treason charges is unlikely to help Ecevit in the southeast, the mainly Kurdish region. It has taken the brunt of a 14-year insurgency by Ocalan's Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) in which more than 29,000 people have died.

The Kurdish Hadep Party, which has little chance of winning seats in parliament under Turkey's voting system, could take control of some councils in parallel local polls, a possible source of concern for the central authorities.

Prosecutors are trying to close Hadep and the nationwide Islamist Virtue Party on respective charges of sepa-ratism and threatening Turkey's secular system — legal challenges which could bring fur-ther complications after the

In the local polls, Virtue aims keep control of major cities including Istanbul and the capi-

tal Ankara. The possibility of parliamentary deadlock has unsettled Turkish financial markets this week. Shares jumped and dived 10 per cent in consecutive days as sentiment swung from optimism to fears that the instability of recent years would persist. Four shaky coalitions faced

an uphill struggle to stay in power during the previous parliament after 1995 elections failed to produce a clear winner. Investors have placed their hopes on the resurrection of a recent alliance between Ecevit's DSP and the conservative Motherland Party of Mesut

Their main concern, shared by the military, is an Islamist return to power. In 1997, the powerful army helped topple a coalition led by the Islam-based Welfare Party, since banned for anti-secularist activities.

U.S. warplanes hit air defence sites in Iraq

Four killed in strikes — Baghdad

U.S. WARPLANES acting in "self-defence" bombed several air defence sites in northern Iraq on Saturday, the U.S. air force announced in a statement from . the Incirlik air base in southeastern Turkey.

In Baghdad, a military spokesman said four Iraqis were killed and a fifth injured in raids by U.S. warplanes on northem Iraq.

"The bombardment left four citizens dead and another wounded," a spokesman for Iraq's antiaircraft defence said, without specifying if the casualties were civilians or soldiers.

The spokesman, cited by the official INA news agency, said the raids targeted civilian sites as well as anti-aircraft positions out against Iraqi positions in northern Iraq.

F-15E Strike Eagle and F-16 fighters dropped GBU-12 bombs and fired AGM-130 missiles at several air defence sites to the north and northwest of the Iraqi second city of Mosul after coming under threat, the statement said.

EA-6B Prowler aircraft also fired AGM-88 missiles against radar positions in the same area, the statement said. The strikes came

between 1:40 p.m. and 2:40 p.m. (1040 and 1140 GMT) and all the aircraft returned safely to base, it

U.S. analysts were still assessing the damage inflicted on the Iraqi positions, the air force statement said.

The strikes were the first since March 16 carried by U.S. aircraft from the Incirlik base.

U.S. and British aircraft enforce no-fly zones over southern and northern Iraq which have been the scene of regular skirmishes between allied aircraft and Iraqi planes and air defences since December U.S.-British air war, dubbed Operation Desert Fox.

Iraq does not recognise the legitimacy of the nofly zones, which are not covered by a specific U.N. resolution, and has vowed

to oppose them. The northern air exclu-

sion zone was set up in April 1991 to protect Iraq's Kurdish population while the southern zone was established in August 1992 in an attempt to prevent attacks on the Shiite Muslim population.

Egypt may seek to draw more Nile water — minister

CAJRO (AP) — Egypt may seek to draw more water from the Nile River, the nation's water resource minister said Saturday, raising a possibility likely to spark controversy among the nine other countries that rely on the Nile.

Mahmoud Abdul Halim Abu Zeid did not say how much more water Egypt, which receives the largest share of Nile water, wants. But he said increasing it nations, each with their own

would happen only with the cooperation and agreement on the part of the Nile basin coun-

"We have future requests," Abu Zeid told the Associated Press at the two-day Arab conference on water and desertification, which opened Saturday. "Of course, other countries also have requests." He did not say how Egypt intends to persuade other

serious water needs, to allow Egypt a larger share. Under a 1959 agreement,

Egypt receives three times as much water as Sudan from the Nile. Water-tapped countries. including Sudan and Ethiopia, have called for equal shares for each country regardless of population or agricultural needs.

Ethiopia has argued that several ambitious Egyptian agnicultural projects begun within in joint water projects.

, the last few years are part of an Egyptian attempt to secure even more of the water, and disregard the needs of other countries.

Abu Zeid said that water

ministers from the 10 Nile basin countries will meet in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May for talks focusing on shares of Nile water, ways to exploit under-utilised Nile tributaries and more cooperation Nile water is being wasted, Abu Zeid said, adding that "only eight per cent is being used for the benefit of Nile basin countries.

The White Nile and Blue Nile, which join near the Sudanese capital Khartoum, flow through 10 nations: Burundi, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda and Zaire. About 300 million people live along their banks.

with faking

ed for impersonating Attorney General Janet Reno in a letter, created on a prison computer, asking for his immediate release. Erwin Koti, who was serving a 24month sentence for bank fraud at the Fort Dix federal prison, composed the letter on a prison education department computer available to all inmates, and affixed a signature purporting to be Reno's, U.S. Attorney Faith Hochberg said. The November 1998 letter, which was directed to a unit manager at Fort Dix, asserted that all criminal charges against Koti had been dropped and suggested that officials should release him or face significant consequences, according to the indictment

Iraq accuses Iran of stalling détente as PoW remains exchanged

BAGHDAD (AFP) — Iraq accused Iran on Sanarday of hindering the normalisation of relations because of the issue of PoWs from their bloody eightyear war, even as the two states

exchanged the remains of 400 soldiers. In an article marking the 11th anniversary of Iraq's recapture of the Fao peninsula from Iran, the Babel newspaper said: "Iraqi-Iranian ties are still not stabilised on a basis necessary

for two Muslim neighbours." "It seems certain parties in Iran want to stop a detente... since the prisoner of war issue has still not been resolved and Tehran still refuses to send back Iraqi

planes sent to Iran" prior to the 1991 into consideration "the political reali-Gulf War, said Babel, run by the eldest son of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. Baghdad says it sent some 100 planes

to Iran just before war erupted, in a bid to shelter them from allied strikes, but that these have still not been returned. Babel also denounced "fran's interference in Iraq's internal affairs, under

various guises and in different ways." The paper said Iran's involvement was especially unacceptable given that currently chairs the Tehran the Islamic Organisation

Conference. It said Iranian officials should take ties of the region, especially U.S. poli-

cy hostile to both nations." Iran likewise accuses Baghdad of supporting the Iraqi-based People's Muiahedeen, the leading Iranian oppo-

But in a statement sent to Nicosia on Saturday the Mujahedeen denied there was any link between Baghdad and its own operations inside Iran.

It also said that Tehran was planning an air strike on Mujahedeen sites inside Iraq, adding that Iranian pilots and planes had been transferred to an air base near the border in preparation for

The comments came as the two countries on Saturday handed over the remains of almost 400 soldiers killed during the 1980-88 conflict.

A total of 164 Iranian bodies were exchanged for those of 221 Iraqis at the Shalameja border post near the southem Iraqi city of Basra, according to the Iranian official in charge of the war missing.

The bodies were delivered to Iranian officials after the army officials paid respects to them at an official military ceremony," Brigadier General Mir Feisal Bagerzadeh said.



Milosevic angry at press invasion

LONDON (AFP) - For Slobodan Milosevic, the strain of so much media attention since the start of the NATO bombing campaign against Yugoslavia has proved too much. Milosevic, who calls himself Dan and lives in Essex, eastern England, has complained to the British press watchdog of barassment. His patience snapped after hordes of journalists descended on his doorstep and began quizzing his neighbours about the novelty of living near a man who shares the Serbian leader's name. He fired off a strongly-worded letter to the Press Complaints Commission, listing a dozen news organisations that have tried to contact him, his family and neighbours. Milosevic. who has lived in Britain for 19 years, told the PCC he wished to "state categorically" that he was not related to the president of Yugoslavia, he had no links with the former Yugoslav republics and did not want to discuss his views on the Balkans with anyone.

Band fired for bad anthems

LAGOS (R) - The army band which has been playing the national anthems at the World Youth Cup has been fired following out-of-tune performances. Pre-recorded national anthems replaced live versions for the second round ties with local media reporting it was because the band was hitting too many wrong notes. "They play well alright but they lack precision," the ceremonial committee was quoted as saving. Brazilian players grimaced and were clearly embarrassed at the way their anthem was played before a game with Zambia. The off-key anthem was played at about half its normal speed and was barely recognisable.

Canine truck plan angers dog owners

NORTH EAST (R) --Animal protection activists could not have sparked a bigger uproar in rural Cecil County, Maryland, if they had tried to ban fishing poles. Just ask Gene Howell, 75, who is rarely seen travelling the lush countryside along the upper reaches of Chesapeake Bay without his black lab, Chief, bobbing up and down in the back of his green GMC pickup truck. "Some people don't have nothing to do but sit around and think up these crazy ideas," he told Friday's Baltimore Sun after the Cecil County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals asked local officials to make it illegal for dogs to ride in truck beds. "I suppose what I could do is have my wife ride there in the back and let the dog ride up front with me," he added wryly. "Course, I don't know that my wife would stay back there like the dog does. The dog is trained."

inmate charged Reno letter

NEWARK (R) - A New Jersey inmate has been indict-